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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXIV NO. 270 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1946 Price: 2 Annas

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INTERIM GOVT. FACES EARLY COLLAPSE?

Field-Marshal Auchinleck, C.-in-C., India, visited the Jamia Millia Islamia Silver Jubilee Exhibition at Okhla, near Delhi, recently: Dr. Zakir Hussein, Vice-Chancellor of the Jamia, is on the Army Chief's left.

Mass Resistance Plan In South Africa

Compelling Smuts To Bow To World Opinion

(From Our Correspondent)

DURBAN, Nov. 25.

If the Government does not modify its attitude towards Indians as a result of the U.N.O. debate, the next move in the Passive Resistance campaign will be mass defiance of the Immigration Act which prohibits Indians from crossing provincial border without permission.

This was announced yesterday by Mr. A. I. Meer, Secretary, Natal Indian Congress, and Mr. J. N. Singh, former Secretary, Transvaal Resistance Council, who, after serving a week's imprisonment for defying the Immigration Act, was deported from the Transvaal to Natal.

Mr. Singh said, "If there is no change of heart towards us we shall defy the Immigration Act by crossing provincial boundaries "en masse" as our fathers and mothers did in Mahatma Gandhi's campaign of 1914. We shall get even more support for this action than we have for occupation of the Umbilo plot; it is more spectacular and will appeal more strongly to our followers".

REPEAL RECIPROCITY

The Reciprocity Act, passed by pre-Interim Government of India as a retaliatory measure against South Africa; has served its purpose and might, with profit, now be withdrawn, said M. D. Naidoo, Joint Secretary, Natal Indian Congress, in a statement to the "Searchlight".

He said, "With India entering the last stage of subjection and exploitation, she can speak and act with a powerful voice of its millions abroad and home. Having achieved this new status, India need no longer be hesitant in accepting a challenge which the persecution and oppression constitutes within the Empire.

The Reciprocity Act has crystallised a deep nationwide resentment provoked by intensified persecution of Indians in South Africa. It has done its share in not only providing an outlet for outraged Indian feelings but also focussing world attention on the festering sore, which, if not attended to, would break out as a forerunner of a new and terrible conflict all over the world.

"I venture to think this is an opportune time for the Indian Government to seriously consider repeal of the Reciprocity Act. Such a repeal would prove the finest gesture that a strong India, rapidly growing in strength, could make in the present highly charged international atmosphere."

GHETTO HAMPERS EDUCATION

Even the development and progress of Indian education is hampered by the passing of the Asiatic Land Tenure Act. This is clearly shown in the case when the Verulam branch of the Natal Indian Congress petitioned to the Administrator in Natal requesting his assistance for provision of a school site desperately needed at Verulam. The Provincial Secretary replied, "suitable school site cannot be provided until the Asiatic Land Tenure Board has decided upon the scheduled Indian areas for Verulam."

Durban Indians Welcome Released Leaders

DURBAN, Nov. 24 (Reuter): A mass meeting of Indians held here today (Sunday) welcomed Dr. G. M. Naicker and Mr. M. D. Naidoo, Passive Resistance leaders recently released from gaol.

Dr. Naicker told the meeting that it was insulting to ask Indians to celebrate the visit of the King and the Queen while Indians in South Africa were denied freedom.

Radhakrishnan Leads U.N.E.S.C.O. Executive

NEW DELHI, Nov. 25, (A.P.I.): According to news received in New Delhi, Prof. Sir S. Radhakrishnan, leader of the Indian delegation to the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation, has been elected chairman of the U.N.E.S.C.O. Executive Council.

STOP PRESS

OIL SEEDS TO BENGAL PROHIBITED

NEW DELHI, Nov. 25 (API): The Central Government have prohibited railway administrations to transport oilseeds to Bengal except to Howrah, says a Press Note. The oilseeds covered by this order are mustard, rapeseed, toria, linseed and groundnuts, shelled or unshelled.

BIDAULT'S PARTY TOPS POLLS

PARIS, Nov. 25, (Reuter): French Premier M. Geoeges Bidault's M. R. P. (Progressive Catholic Party) has emerged as the strongest party in Sunday's intermediate elections for the Upper House in the French Parliament despite official figures issued early this morning placing the Communists slightly ahead.

Whitehall Upset By Nehru's Broadsides

DRASTIC CHANGES IN DELHI EXPECTED IN TWO WEEKS

Leaguers May Be Asked To Quit Cabinet

LONDON, Nov. 25. (UPA): Official quarters believed today that India's Interim Government showed signs of collapse after two turbulent months in office, radioes Harold Guard, "United Press of America" staff correspondent.

Crisis In Two Weeks

Official quarters in London said the situation revolved around Mr. Jinnah's avowed decision to boycott the Constituent Assembly and that the situation must come to a head within the next two weeks by which time the Assembly is due to begin.

The consensus of official opinion was that Lord Wavell would be compelled to unseat the five Moslem League nominees from the Interim Government unless Mr. Jinnah performed a political somersault.

Official quarters said the Indian situation was "disheartening to say the least" and saw no solution other than the Viceroy exerting his overall powers, if Mr. Jinnah refused to enter the Constituent Assembly.

Drastic Changes?

The U. P. A. correspondent adds: Lord Wavell would be compelled to initiate a complete reformation of the Indian Interim Government within the next two weeks if the political imbroglio continued, informed quarters here believed today.

The Interim Government was characterised as a "two months old infant which had screamed itself into convulsions" and partisan outbursts by both Nehru and Jinnah with no choice but resort to "severe sparring" to remove the impediments to the British programme for India's eventual self-government.

These sources believed that the Viceroy's action might extend to the replacement of Nehru as vice-President of the Executive Council by C. Rajagopalachariar.

The belief that this and other sweeping changes are imminent gained ground among responsible Indian sources here who pointed out that Rajagopalachariar would obviously be more acceptable because of his more liberal attitude 'vis-a-vis' the Moslem League's claim.

It is believed that Nehru could still possibly retain the Foreign Affairs portfolio, but Nehru's repeated defamation of British intentions are considered unjustified of an Indian Government Leader and unhelpful to India's cause of freedom.

Constitutional Tasks

India was committed to the achievement of her independence by legal and constitutional means and that was a tremendous achievement, declared Mr. H. V. Hodson, late Commissioner of Reforms in India, in a paper on "India's Constitutional Task" read to the East India Association in London today, reports "Reuter."

"When one thinks how catastrophic might be the consequences of interruption of the Rule of Law in India, one must be very thankful that the doctrine of a sudden enforced transfer of power and its little brother non-co-operation in Lawful Government have been discarded by the main political parties at least for the time being", Mr. Hodson said. "To the extent that the Cabinet Mission helped to bring about this result, its visit may be counted a success. To speak of its failure in the sense in which one might justly speak of the failure of the Cripps Mission of 1942 is a profound mistake."

Referring to the constitutional position of the Interim Government, Mr. Hodson expressed the opinion that the Constituent Assembly, even if it suffered no major break-down, was going to take a long time to complete its task.

On the mere mechanics of the job confronting the Assembly, not counting any of the delays due to inevitable political and communal difficulties and deadlocks, he estimated that as the best part of two years. A parallel with the task of Treaty-Making in Europe was not inexact in view of the magnitude of the task.

THE INTERIM GOVT.

Referring to the present Interim Government, the speaker said that for purposes of the transitional Government, the 1942 Constitution had advantages over the Federal Plan of 1935 (which was not in fact applied). "The chief advantage is that there is no dyarchy", he added. "No exclusive field of powers in the Government of British India is reserved to the Viceroy.

"The authority of the Governor-General's Executive Council extends broadly over the whole range of powers exercised by the Central Legislature. They are in no way different in regard to Defence or Foreign Affairs than in regard to, say, Railways or Ancient Monuments."

So far as the question of joint responsibility was concerned the statement of Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Chief Muslim representative in the Interim Government, denying joint responsibility of the Cabinet, was true in a political sense. But in a formal sense, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan was definitely wrong. The Act laid down that decisions of the Governor-General's Executive Council are taken by a majority vote and become corporate decisions of the Government of India.

VICEROY'S VETO

Referring to the Governor-General's right to veto, Mr. Hodson said: "It is a matter of politics and diplomacy rather than Law. The Governor-General is bound to exercise his special responsibilities and his other personal functions according to his conscience, but his conscience cannot be legally impugned and its dictates are bound to be affected by policy approved by the Imperial Parliament of maximum 'de facto' autonomy for the Interim Government."

So far as the Constituent Assembly and its relations with the Governor-General were concerned, Mr. Hodson said, "that it is true that in form the conduct and fortunes of the Constituent Assembly rest in Indian hands. The Governor-General has no part in it. But in practice who could doubt that his advice and aid will be constantly needed if innumerable obsta-

(Continued On Page 5 Col. 1)

Acharya Kripalani, Congress President, delivering his speech of thanks at the Meerut session soon after taking over the presidentship from Pandit Nehru. Seated on the dais (left to right) Sjt. Shankerrao Deo, Mr. Jag Jivan Ram, Labour Member, Interim Government, Pandit Nehru Dr. P. C. Ghosh, Sardar Patel, Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan and Asad.

A.I.C.C. TO SET UP SWARAJ CONSTITUTION COMMITTEE

Kripalani To Form Congress Executive After Consulting Gandhiji

From G. N. Acharya, "Chronicle" Special Representative

MEERUT (Congress Camp), Nov. 25: And so the Congress session is over. The Pyarelal Sharma Nagar is fast becoming empty. The exodus started almost as the I.N.A. band was playing the benedictory song "Sukh Chaiki Barsha."

For just half an hour this morning the All-India Congress Committee met. It was the most informal gathering I have seen. Amidst tumbled chairs desks thrown pell-mell and piles of orange peel and monkey nut shells strewn on the matted floor of the pandal, the members sat together and talked over the remaining issues.

The most important question pending is that of the next Working Committee. President Kripalani said that he could not yet announce his new team but he did drop a hint that there might be a change in the office of the General Secretary. I understand from a reliable source that Shankerrao Deo is likely to be the General Secretary of the Congress for the ensuing year. The newly-introduced system of having two General Secretaries may be retained so that one of them may spend more time at the Congress Headquarters. For this office, I understand, Mr. Jugal Kishor, Parliamentary Secretary to the United Provinces Government, is strongly tipped. He will, however, have to resign his present office. An alternative suggestion is to continue Dr. Balakrishna Keskar.

PROVINCIAL REPRESENTATION

The choice of the committee itself bristles with difficulties. Bengal, I learn, claims at least two seats on the committee; and so does Madras. Orissa does not want to be left in the cold and if she gets a seat Biswanath Das, ex-Premier, may come in place of Mr. Hare Krishna Mehtab. As far as I can gather it will be some time before the announcement of the new personnel will be made because Kripalani may like to consult Mahatma Gandhi before forming his new Executive.

VENUE OF NEXT A.I.C.C.

Questions about the venue of the next Congress session and the time for calling the next A.I.C.C. meeting were canvassed but were left unsettled. A question of far-reaching importance that was discussed but on which decision was deferred was the suggestion made by Mr. Jai Prakash Narain to appoint a sub-committee of the A. I. C. C. to draw up and crystallise the future constitutional and economic structure of Free India.

Bombay people will be interested to know that S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, was added to the Constitution Sub-Committee. Mr. R. R. Diwakar,

(Continued on Page 5 col. 6)

CONGRESS CABINET FORECAST

PYARELAL NAGAR (Meerut), Nov. 25 (U.P.I.): "The United Press of India" reliably understands that the following will constitute Acharya Kripalani's new cabinet: Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Mr. Jai Prakash Narain, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, Mr. Shankerrao Deo (General Secretary), Acharya Jugal Kishore (Secretary), Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramaiya and Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya.

SECURITY AND ARMAMENT

NEW YORK, Nov. 25, (Reuter): "This debate may mark a turning point in history", said Mr. Philip Noel-Baker, the British representative, to-day when the Political Committee of the United Nations General Assembly re-assembled. "It is the first of our debates on armament and the security problem. Those debates may last for years before we reach a full system of security and armament reduction which we are all resolved to have.

"Whether we succeed or not will determine future success or failure of the United Nations and determine whether mankind passes through atomic war into another dark age".

Recalling M. Vyacheslav Molotov's expressed desire for unanimity of this subject when the Soviet put forward their proposal for a census of allied troops in enemy and non-enemy countries, Mr. Noel-Baker added: "He said the purpose of the Soviet Union was that we should arrive at unanimity and that we can arrive at an unanimous opinion.

"I fully endorse those words. Unless in discussions we can agree on this problem of armaments, the future will be dark indeed.

"With the world in its present tragic aftermath of war, it would be a crime to play politics on such a subject".

He declared that in its present form the Soviet resolution was not adequate as the first step towards a solution of the armament problem. It was not adequate even to a limited purpose for which M. Molotov had put it forward.

Mr. Noel-Baker declared: "We are prepared to abandon our previous demand that the two Soviet motions (censeus of troops and disarmament) be taken together."

He said that he would add an amendment to the Soviet motion which would call for a report on forces stationed at home and that the information be furnished on January 1, 1947.

He also proposed that a verification system of control under the United Nations be devised by the Security Council.

World's Largest Atom Smasher

BERKELEY, (California), (U.P.A.): The University of California's new cyclotron—ten times more powerful than any now in use—has been completed and pre-operational tests are underway, it was announced by Dr. Ernest Lawrence, Nobel Prize winner and pioneer in the development of atom-smashing machinery.

The 4,000 ton machine will within two or three months be aiding scientists to explore previously unknown realms of atomic energy.

Lawrence revealed the new cyclotron would have been completed at least two years ago had not the Army taken its 184-inch magnet for secret work on atom bombs.

Lawrence said exhaustive tests would be necessary because the giant magnet, which operates on a new frequency modulation principle vacuum condenser and new high frequency power system, must be integrated to coordinate the beam of atomic bullets.

Lawrence also revealed that the construction of another atom-smashing machine—the synchotron—is being pushed for completion early in 1947. With the aid of the synchotron scientists hope to study the fundamental forces which hold matter together. The new atom smashed may produce energy equal to that of cosmic rays.

TWO SOVIET DISCOVERIES

MOSCOW, Nov. 25 (A. P. A.): Two highly important discoveries were announced in the U.S.S.R. today Prof. P. I. Lukirsky's new method for smashing the atom and the probing by electricity of the earth's surface to a depth of 19.8 kilometres.

No details of Lukirsky's discoveries were given, but Prof. S. I. Vavilov, President of the Soviet Academy of Sciences, in announcing the names of candidates to five newly-created Chairs in Theoretical and Experimental Physics, said Lukirsky had found a new kind of disintegration of the atomic nucleus.

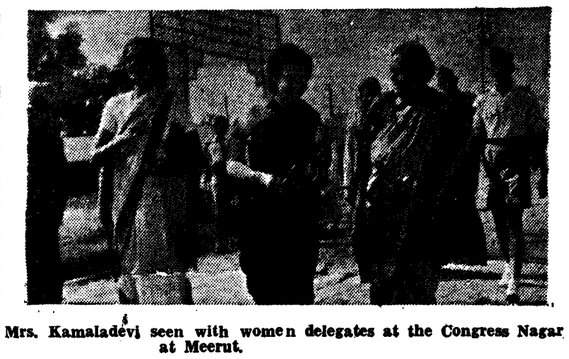
President Vavilov went no further into the question than this one sentence but he called Lukirsky "a skilled experimenter who knows how to manage quickly the main theoretical features of new appearances, and is the teacher of many Soviet physicists, specialists on electrons and the vacuum."

PROBING EARTH'S SURFACE

It was a team of geophysicists from Leningrad University who electrically probed to the greatest depth known in history. The feat was conducted in the vicinity of Leningrad.

Prof. R. N. Yanovsky, of the Leningrad University team which conducted the experiments, said that "science has no record of such a depth being reached by electric sounding before. Until now, the earth's surface has been studied only to a depth of three to five kilometres. We know of only one instance when French scientists reached a depth of 12 kilometres. The greater the earth's crust is probed, the better can we judge the minerals it contains."

The announcement pointed out that with the use of electricity it was now possible to probe in one or two days to depths that would require years of mechanical drilling to reach.



Mrs. Kamaladevi seen with women delegates at the Congress Nagar at Meerut.

Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Premier of U.P., arriving at the Congressnagar, Meerut.

RIGHT TO DEPORT ILLEGAL JEWS CHALLENGED

Jerusalem High Court Issues Writ Of 'Habeas Corpus' To Immigrants

JERUSALEM, Nov. 25 (Reuter): The High Court in Jerusalem today issued a writ restraining the Palestine authorities from deporting non-quota Jewish immigrants to Cyprus at almost the same moment a ship bringing them to the country arrived.

The ship, 'Knesseth Israel', was sighted off the coast of Tel-Aviv this morning being escorted by two British destroyers and as word came of her arrival an Anglo-Jewish lawyer, Mr. David Goiten, appeared before the High Court and submitted an 'habeas corpus' application on behalf of 1941 named Jews seeking writs to restrain the authorities from taking them to Cyprus.

At midday the court issued the writ against the Chief Secretary of the Palestine Government, the General Officer Commanding and five other High British officials ordering them to show cause why these named immigrants and others on board should be deported.

The Attorney-General assured the Chief Justice that the ship will be kept here until the case is heard before the High Court on Wednesday.

The total number of Jews on board the 'Knesseth Isreal' is stated to be 3,370 or about 1,000 more than the normal passenger complement of the giant British Atlantic liner "Queen Elizabeth."

LATEST COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.

Previous Closing	30.30
To-day's Opening	30.05
Difference	—25
To-day's Closing	30.49
Difference	+19

AMERY PRESCRIBES 'GRADUALISM'

Only Solution To Indian Dispute In South Africa

LONDON, Nov. 25 (UPA): Sir Maharaj Singh's opposition, during the UNO debate, of the South African Union's incorporation of West African mandated territories was a "tactical mistake" because these territories have no Indian population, L. S. Amery, former Secretary for India, believed today.

Amery said that "gradualism" would be the only solution to the Indian dispute in South Africa. He pointed out that the previous Indian suspicion that the British Government did not exert sufficient pressure on South Africa could not now exist because the Indians at last have found out that the British Government has no jurisdiction over the dominions' internal affairs.

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ANTI-SMUTS DEMONSTRATION IN NEW YORK

MOSCOW, Nov. 25, (Reuter): The Soviet news agency reports from New York that a crowd including several hundred Negroes, many Whites and a few Indians demonstrated for two and a half hours in front of the South African Consulate in New York, demanding rejection of South African proposals regarding South-West Africa by the United Nations. Banners carried by the demonstrators bore various slogans including "Smuts seeks to enlarge British Empire."

SIR MAHARAJ SINGH—A "VENTRILOQUIST"!

Sixty-eight-year-old Indian delegate to the UNO, Sir Maharaj Singh, is apparently a very capable performer at ventriloquism, cables Charles Lambeth "Daily Herald's" correspondent reporting UNO proceedings.

He entertained the British Delegation with it at a luncheon recently. Among the high spots of the performance was a ventriloquism imitation of General Smuts.

This ventriloquial idea, however, seems to have great possibilities. Nobody has yet ventured to ask Sir Maharaj Singh whether he can do Molotov, says the correspondent.

INTER-UNIVERSITY BOARD MEETING IN JAIPUR

JAIPUR, Nov. 25 (U.P.I.): H. H. the Maharaja of Jaipur will inaugurate the 22nd session of the Inter-University Board in India on Dec. 3 at the town hall. Dr. J. C. Chatterjee, Vice-Chancellor of the Agra University will preside.

Besides the Vice-Chancellors of almost all Indian universities, Vice-Chancellor of the Ceylon University and Prof. Merle Curti of the University of Wisconcin, United States, will participate.

World's Biggest Muslim Varsity In Bengal!

CALCUTTA, Nov. 25, (A.P.I.): Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, ex-Premier of Bengal, told a meeting of Muslim students and the public last evening at the Islamia College, that they could have the biggest Muslim University in the world in Bengal if they worked wholeheartedly. He prophesied that if they worked for a year, they could take their admission in the new Muslim University on January 1, 1948

Mr. Fazlul Huq added that they had a definite right to ask the present Government of Bengal to create a Muslim University for them and for that Government had no excuse but to give two crores out of the Central Government grant of Rs. 12 crores to Bengal education, unless they were afraid of Mr. Gandhi and the Hindus.

The Government of Bombay has cancelled the ban on the export of onions from the Bombay Province to any place in India outside it.

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THE NEW EGERTON WOOLLEN MILLS, DHARIWAL (PUNJAB)

MISDESCRIPTION IN NOTIFICATION

Accused Acquitted

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Lokur)
Sakalchand Raichand — Appellant (Original Accused No. 1)
vs.
King - Emperor — Respondent (Original Complainant)

The appellant, a cloth dealer in Mulji Jetha Market had been convicted by the Presidency Magistrate, 6th Additional Court, Esplanade, Bombay, and sentenced to one month's R.I. and a fine of Rs. 2,500 for selling 450 Turkish towels of the Century Mills on April 16, 1945, at a price higher than the maximum retail price of Rs. 2-11-0 for each piece specified under clause 10 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order 1943. The towels were sold by the accused to Vrajlal Maganlal, an aggrieved dealer who acted as bogus customer, at Rs. 3-12-6 per piece. From his conviction the appellant appealed to the High Court.

The towels sold were admittedly 32" x 58". Through a typographical error, the notification issued under the Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order to regulate the maximum price of these towels described them both as to trade number and dimensions as 32" x 120". The towels sold were, however, marked with the ex-mill price fixed by law.

Allowing the appeal and acquitting the accused, their lordships held that the commodity alleged to have been overcharged was not a controlled commodity by reason of the misdescriptions as to trade number and dimensions in the notification issued by Government. The mistake was brought to the notice of the Government before the notification was actually issued and still it was promulgated as law with the misdescriptions, and the mistake persisted though the Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order was amended 33 times. Their lordships observed that if typographical errors were to creep into notifications it was impossible for the business community to know what they were to do and what they were not to do. Their lordships therefore held that towels 32" x 58" not a controlled commodity and acquitted the accused.

Mr. K. J. Khandalawala and Mr. G. S. Thakker appeared for the appellant.

Mr. S. G. Patwardhan Government Pleader, appeared for the Crown.

MORE TEACHERS FOR PRIMARY SCHOOLS

Corporation Lays Down New System Of Appointment

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Schools Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was this evening authorised to give effect to some revised principles for the appointment of teachers in the various standards in municipal schools "to promote the efficiency of primary education", in the words of Mr. Kashi Prasad Singh who piloted a resolution to that effect.

The revised proportion recommended to the Schools Committee is as follows:

1. One teacher for every 25 pupils on roll in standards from Infant to Four.

2. One teacher for every 30 pupils on roll in Standards Five to Seven.

3. When there are 50 or more pupils on roll in one standard the class be divided into divisions and there must be at least 20 pupils in a division.

4. That in small schools and Standards Five to Seven if there are 30 or more pupils in two standards on roll, there should be a separate teacher for each class.

Mr. Kashi Prasad said that this was a sure way of combating the shortage of teachers which was telling on the efficiency of primary education in the municipal schools.

Mr. M. V. Donde averred that the members would be well advised to ask for a report from the Schools Committee.

Mr. M. N. Talpade saw no propriety in sending the resolution either to the Law Committee or to the Schools Committee. "The resolution is superfluous and should not be voted upon", he said.

The Mayor, after a short discussion, put the motion to vote and declared it carried by a large majority.

Earlier Dr. Mehta's amendment to refer the resolution to the Law and Procedure Committee was defeated by a majority.

WARTIME STRUCTURE

The Corporation passed Mr. N. D. Parikh's resolution inviting the attention of the Government of Bombay to the existence of the wartime structure standing on the south-east corner of the Esplanade Maidan facing the Bharda New High School and requesting them to arrange for its demolition at an early date so that the cricket pitches affected thereby might be restored and handed over to the old clubs in their original condition. The Municipal Commissioner was requested to inform the Government that all the cricket pitches on the Esplanade Maidan should be restored to the original condition and handed over to the old clubs on their original terms and conditions at an early date.

Speaking on Mr. Parikh's motions, many speakers urged that no open space should be covered by any temporary structure erected during the war. "The interests of the young should receive the immediate attention of the Government," Mr. K. F. Nariman pleaded.

ENTRANCE OF GIRLS TO BOYS' SCHOOL

Only those girls whose parents or guardians declare in writing that they wish to send their wards to boys' schools in preference to Girls' schools in the locality, will be admitted to boys' schools, according to the recent instructions issued by the Government of Bombay.

The other two conditions which must be fulfilled in this connection are (1) the managements of the boys' schools admitting girls must provide separate sanitary arrangements and a retiring room for girls before being allowed to make such admission and (2) the managements of such boys' schools must have at least one woman on their teaching staff, to look after the requirements and well-being of the girls.

NOT ON DEBRIS OF TEXTILE INDUSTRY

Madras Millowner Says Khadi Must Be Built On Its Own Foundation

MADRAS, Nov. 25, (A.P.I.): Sponsors of new textile mills in the province met last evening and adopted a resolution suggesting that the action of the Madras Government purporting to cancel the allotments of spindles and looms made by the Government of India was unconstitutional and illegal.

Dewan Bahadur C. S. Ratnasabhapathy Mudaliar President of the millowners Association, who presided, said their main endeavour was to retain the spindles that had been allotted. "The question of claiming compensation does not arise now", he added.

It was decided to form an association among themselves to safeguard the textile interests of the province and send deputations to wait upon the Provincial and Central Governments to impress upon them the urgency for revising the present textile policy of the Madras Government.

Mr. Mudaliar said if the khadi industry was to be developed even with State subsidy and partial compulsion, let that be built on its own foundation and not on the debris of the textile industry.

EXHIBITION OF CONTEMPORARY ASIATIC ART

Mr. Anil Roy Choudhury, Secretary, All-India Fine Arts and Crafts Society, New Delhi, writes:—

An Exhibition of contemporary art from the different Asiatic countries is being organised by the All-India Fine Arts and Crafts Society in New Delhi, sponsored by the Indian Council of World Affairs, in March-April, 1947, at the time the Pan-Asiatic Conference will be held.

The Exhibition will also include works of art by Indian masters. A strong and influential committee, including the prominent artists of India, is being formed to make the Exhibition a great success.

M.D. RESULT

The only candidate Mr. Shankar Vaman Kanitkar (No. 37) who appeared with Pharmacology (Branch IV) at the M.D. Examination in October, 1946, has passed the Examination.

DECREASE IN WHEAT CUULTIVATION

The following All-India Fourth wheat forecast, for 1945-46 has been published by the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, Calcutta.

The area under cultivation is 34,533,000 acres and the expected yield is 8,882,000 tons against 35,561,000 acres and 10,463,000 tons corresponding revised estimates of last year.

The decrease in area is 3 per cent, and in yield 15 per cent. The crop is adversely affected by the failure of winter rains and its general conditions is reported to be fair.

The above estimates relate generally to the period up to the beginning of May, 1946.

"JAI-HIND TEA"

Capt. Lakshmi Swaminathan of the I.N.A. writes in "Tea News and Views" as follows:—

Tea, I think, holds to-day a very important place in the life of a soldier. How often do I remember, being inspired during a long and dusty route march by the very thought of a hot cup of 'Chai' at the end of the march. Often we have had to go without regular meals throughout the day, but the one item we tried our best somehow to have, was a cup of early morning tea. It was, therefore, regarded as a major calamity on one occasion when the mess orderly brought me the dismal news that our supply of 'cha-ke-pathi' had run out. Many a sepoy still remembers with a shudder the wrath of his Company Commander on that miserable chaless day. After all these experiences, even amidst great suffering and privation, that spirit of comradeship and oneness always remained. Hindu, Muslim, Sikh and Christian—all felt that they were Indians first, last and always. What a shock to get back to India and hear on our very first railway journey at home, after an absence of six years, the voice of the cha-vendors calling out 'Hindu Cha' and 'Muslim Cha.' Such a thing went against the grain of every member of the I.N.A. The officers being more cynical and critical just deplored the fact and put it down to the utter hopelessness of the situation, but the simple-minded sepoy was not content with that. He had been taught by Netaji that he must act. So he jumped out of the train and sent for both the tea vendors. Holding out his battered mess tin he asked the Hindu cha-wallah to pour a cup into it and then turning to the Muslim cha-wallah, asked him to do likewise. Then turning to both he said: 'Look here! I have mixed your Hindu and Muslim Cha and made JAI-HIND CHA out of it.'

NAZI CONCENTRATION CAMP STAFF TO BE TRIED

LONDON, Nov. 25 (Reuter): Mrs. Odette Marie Sanson, decorated by the King on Wednesday with the George Cross for heroism as British Agent during the war, will give evidence for the prosecution when the trial of 16 former members of the administration of the women's concentration camp of Ravensbrueck near Berlin opens before the Allied Military Court in Hamburg on Dec. 3, Danna, the German News Service in the United States Zone, reported.

All prosecution witnesses will be women—often of different nationalities—stated Danna. According to the indictment, more than 150,000 women passed through Ravensbrueck during the war. Five thousand, it is alleged, were killed in gas chambers and camp doctors' experiments on others.

GOVT. SUBSIDY TO SINK TUBE WELLS

With a view to encourage tube well irrigation the Government of Bombay proposes to subsidise construction of tube wells and connected works up to 50 per cent. of the cost, subject to the following condition:—

(i) The site for the tube well must be got approved by the Agricultural Engineer to Government or his authorised representative;

(ii) The cultivator should undertake to give in writing that he would grow food crops on 2/3rd of the total area irrigated by the tube well, for a period of five years, after the tube well is completed;

(iii) The amount of subsidy will be given up to an extent of 50 per cent. of the total actual cost of taking a tube well;

(iv) The subsidy will be given in three equal instalments. The first instalment will be given after approval of the site by the Agricultural Engineer or his authorised representative. The second instalment will be given when the work has been half carried out (to be based upon estimate of the total footage required) and the third instalment will be given after the work has been completed and approved by the Agricultural Engineer or his representative;

(v) The work of sinking a tube well must be completed within one year of approving the site by the Agricultural Engineer; and

(vi) If the above conditions are not approved the money given to the party will be recovered as arrears of Land Revenue with interest at 6 per cent. per annum.

The cultivators desirous to take advantage of the scheme are to apply to the Agricultural Engineer to Government, before January 1, 1947, specifying the probable site for the well and the area proposed to be irrigated and other essential details.

MAGAZINE DEVOTED TO AGRICULTURE

Bombay Govt.'s New Venture

BOMBAY, Nov. 25, (API): The Bombay Government proposes to publish from the beginning of the next year a monthly magazine devoted solely for the improvement of agriculture in the Province.

It is proposed to make the magazine as informative as possible and it will contain articles and data on the latest methods of agricultural development in other provinces and foreign countries.

Hooseinbhoy Lalljee

Recommendations having been received from various branches of the All-India Shia Social Conference from all over India, the general committee of the conference has declared Mr. Hooseinbhoy A. Lalljee, duly elected as President. He will preside over its thirtieth annual session at Musallipatam, Madras.

HASHIM FOR MONTREAL

KARACHI, Nov. 25, (API): Mr. Hashim, Deputy Secretary, Finance Department Government of India, who will represent India on the committee of experts set up by the Governing body of the International Labour Office to review the conditions of employment left for Montreal today. The committee will meet on Dec. 2. Mr. Hashim will be away from India for a month.

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Barisal	Jubbulpore Cant.		RAJPUTANA
Khulna	Amraoti	PUNJAB	Ajmer
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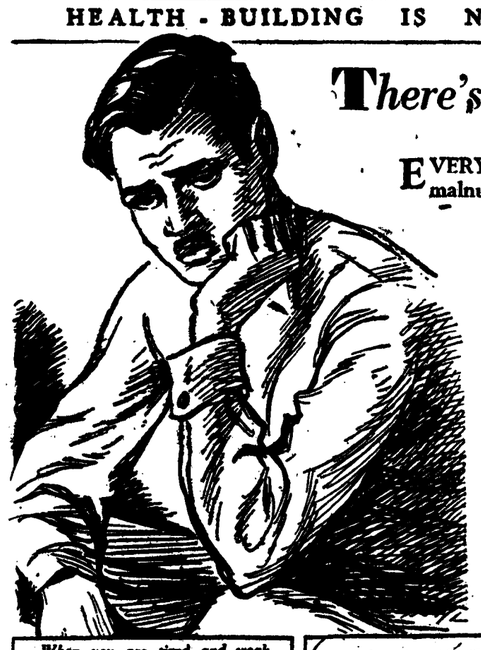

There's work to be done

EVERY doctor will tell you that a state of malnutrition gives rise to a general condition of tiredness and weakness, of being easily fagged out and inefficient.

"But," you say, "I have my meals each day, I cannot be undernourished". The truth is that it is not so much the *quantity* as the *nature* of your food which matters—what it consists of.

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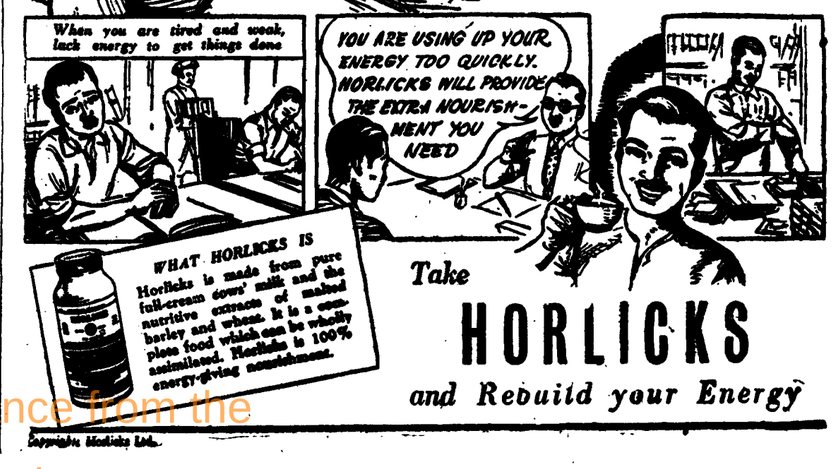
By adding Horlicks to your diet you obtain all the elements necessary to provide lasting energy, and that feeling of well-being which helps you get things done and keep ahead. Start on Horlicks *today*.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VERSUS

KANWAR PAUL

You are requested to come back to your home, as your younger brother's marriage is held up. Proposed 1st December, 1946. Your wife and mother seriously ill.

Any one giving his whereabout will highly oblige.

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CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Magsar Shud 3, 2003.
Muslim: Moharram 1, 1366.
Parsi: Khordad 24, 1316.
Sunrise: 6-52 a.m. Sunset: 6 p.m.
Hightide: 01-32, 13-02.
Lowtide: 07-28, 19-05

To-day's Engagements

MEETING TO MOURN DEATH OF MALAVIYAJI: Under auspices of Young Men's Hindu Association Hindu Samrakshak Mandal, meeting to mourn death of Pt. M. Malaviya, at Madhav Baug, C. P. Tank, at 5-30 p.m., today.

FORBES FORBES CAMPBELL & ALLIED COMPANIES EMPLOYEES' UNION: Strike of the Union ended today after 40 days, an amicable settlement having been reached between the management and the Union this morning.

CITY ART EXHIBITION: At the Bombay Art Society's Salon at Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay, an art exhibition is at present on view. The exhibition represents the joint efforts of Marie Pill (Mrs. H. E. Hudson) and Mr. H. E Hudson. It will remain open till November 27.

A noteworthy feature of this exhibition is the collection of sketches by Marie Pill, made during five months when spent on board the Swedish four-masted barque "C. B. Pedersen". The sketches breathe the very essence of sea-life and action

Mr. H. E. Hudson's work shows his mastery of water colour technique.

Identity Of Dead Man Sought

On November 17 at midnight the dead body of an unknown male person was found lying under culvert No. 53 on the Greater Bombay Road near Goregaon. The deceased, who was aged about 27 years, height 5'6", wheat complexion, tattoo mark "SRK" on right forearm, wearing Punjabi style lungi and a white shirt, had evidently come by his death by foul play, since there were several stab wounds on his person, besides one injury on the inner side of the left elbow which was dressed with a professionally applied bandage.

The clothing of the deceased bears peculiar laundry markings which provide a helpful clue, but should any information concerning the deceased be available Inspector Clay, C.I.D. (tel. 39811, extn: 204) may be communicated with.—Police News.

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS

Forecast till Wednesday morning: Light showers may occur at some places in the South Konkanpatti, the Bombay Karnatak and the Hyderabad Karnatak. Weather will continue to be dry elsewhere. Temperatures are expected to rise generally.

Outlook for further 2 days: No appreciable change in weather is expected.

TODAY ON RADIO

TUESDAY, Nov. 26.
BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Song of the Week 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 K. R. Jadhav (Shahnai) 8-45 Kalapini Gazalo (by Master Gordhan) 9-0 Gururao Deshpande.

12-0 p.m. Topical entertainment (G) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Bhavgeeten 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Music 4-20 School Broadcast (M) 5-0 K. R. Jadhav (Shahnai) 5-15 Vimal Narvekar 5-45 Topic of Day 5-55 Locals 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Gujarati Songs 6-30 K. V. Desai 6-45 Suman Banawalikar 7-0 Khabardar's Composition (by Master Gordhan) 7-15 K. R. Jadhav (Shahnai) 7-30 Vimal Narvekar 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 "Ramshastri" (II) (M) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 Radio Forum 10-0 Antoinette da Figuerido (Soprano).

ALL INDIA RADIO: Programmes on Bombay 2, transmission III will be 'As in Bombay I from 4-20 to 6-30 p.m., today, (not from 5-30 to 6-30 p.m.).

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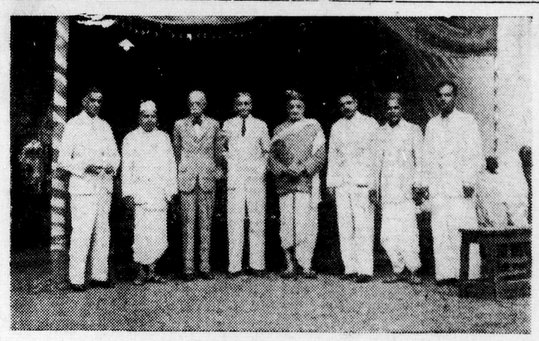


Photo taken at the Jubilee Celebrations of the Poona Postal Co-operative Bank. Left to right: Khan Sahib K. S. Surti, Dr. B. C. Lagu, M.L.C. (Bombay), Khan Bahadur S. R. Kothawala, R. E. Shalom, Postmaster General, Bombay, N. C. Kelkar (Chief Guest), H. G. Pires, Divl. Engr., Telegraph, R. V. Bhide, N. N. Shenoy.

SILVER JUBILEE OF POONA POSTAL CO-OPERATIVE BANK

The Poona Postal Co-operative Bank Ltd., celebrated its Silver Jubilee under the presidentship of Mr. N. C. Kelkar. The opening ceremony of the first floor of its building was performed by Mr. R. E. Shalom, Postmaster-General, Bombay, on November 10. Mr. Vaikunth Mehta, Minister for Finance, the President-elect of the Silver Jubilee celebrations, could not come as he had to attend an urgent meeting in Bombay convened by the Prime Minister. Among the distinguished guests present included Mr. S. M. Ikram, Registrar Co-operative Societies, Khan Bahadur S. R. Kothawala, Dr. B. C. Lagu, M.L.C., Mr. G. K. Gadgil and others. Messages of good wishes were received from Vaikunth Mehta, Sir Hubart Sams, retired Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs, Mr. Krishna Prasada, Director-General P. and T. and others.

An account of the origin and growth of the Bank was narrated. In their speeches, Messrs. Shalom and Ikram expressed satisfaction over the work and conduct of the Bank and its achievements.

In his speech, Mr. N. C. Kelkar said, "It is a healthy state of affairs that the Bank has located its office in a building owned by it in the compound of the Post Office." "It is an attractive picture", continued Mr. Kelkar", of a mother with a child on her lap. The mother nourishes the child with her hand and raises the same hand to slap if it were tempted to play any mischief."

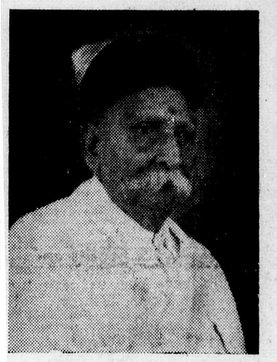
Distribution of flowers, etc., brought the function to a close.

LATE MR. CHHAGANLAL T. MODI

Death Of Well-known Gujarati Educationist

At the ripe old age of 90 Mr. Chhaganlal T. Modi breathed his last at 'Parnakuti', Juhu, on 24th November.

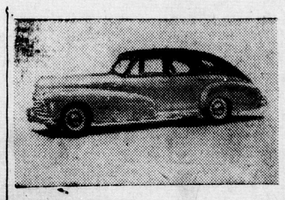
He was a well-known educationist of the old school and as such served in the Baroda State for thirty-four years in various capacities and before his retirement he was Commissioner of Education in the State. He took active interest in Gujarati literature



THE LATE MR. C. T. MODI.

and publications of old Gujarati literature. He himself had t his credit one novel called "Iravati" and other thirty-five useful books on different subjects in Gujarati. Since his retirement in 1915 he preferred to stay in Surat to serve his old father.

Mr. Modi started with other friends the Mahila Vidyalaya, an institution for the education of girls. With the munificent gift he procured from his brother, Mr. Maganlal T. Modi, he was instrumental in the foundation of the Maganlal Thakordas Balmukunddas College at Surat. His brother, Mr. M. T. Modi started in 1900 the Gujarati Type Foundry, of which about twenty years back he became the sole proprietor and was thus actively connected with business in Bombay. His love for the good physic of the growing Gujarati generation was equally great and with an idea that it ought to be well developed he founded, with the active support of other friends, the Balaji Vyayam Mandir at Surat. He also desired that the young Gujaratis should develop the art of public speaking and, therefore, actively encouraged the Narmad Sahitya Sabha to offer special prizes for elocution competitions.



PONTIAC

Advanced styling emphasises the new Pontiac's road-hugging appearance and plane-like contours.

There are a number of functional improvements incorporated in the 1946 Pontiac. A vacuum metering carburetor which, in effect, gives the same results as higher octane fuel, entirely eliminating "ping." The rear shock absorbers are Delco tubular two-day direct acting type instead of the cast iron double acting type thereby providing a better ride and greater stability.

Pontiac has shot-peened piston pins that give the bearing surface thousands of tiny oil pockets, an improved manifold heat valve bushing, a larger clutch, a ball bearing clutch release and other refinements.

"Michael Strongoff" In Aid Of Charity

In aid of Gowalia Tank Road Parsi Welfare Centre (with the courtesy of K. M. Mody, of the W. I. Theatres, Ltd.), a charity film show of the great adventure picture "Michael Strogoff" will be exhibited on Sunday (8th December), at 10 a.m., at the New West End Theatre, Lamington Road. Entire proceeds will go to the Funds of the Centre for help in various kind to be given to the deserving poor of the community. To avoid disappointment seats can be reserved at Perry, Ltd., Grant Road, Hardinge & Co., Charni Road, and Dick Joice & Co., Gowalia Tank Road. Particulars from Mr. R. D. Bugwadia, Forjett Cross, St., Bombay.

KALBADEVI SHOOTING CASE ACCUSED BROUGHT TO BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Monday.

An early morning train from Ahmedabad on Sunday brought back to Bombay a stalwart army deserter for whom six ace detective-officers of the Bombay C. I. D., were searching throughout the four corners of India. This young ex-soldier who escaped without leaving the slightest clue, it is alleged, was the mystery man who along with another accomplice Abdul Majid terrorised Bombay by shooting down unwary pedestrians at Kalbadevi Road on September 14, with stolen military Sten guns, from a taxi.

Four men and a girl were killed in this indiscriminate shooting and several injured. The name of the man is Ghulam Ahmed Ghulam Mohamed and his alleged accomplice who is also a deserter is known as Abdul Majid. The latter was arrested earlier at Calcutta.

The taxi-driver and his son who were injured by gunshots in a desperate bid by the gunmen to have the automobile exclusively to themselves on their death-dealing mission have identified the two arrested men.

The arrests of these suspects cost the Police many sleepless nights and their hunt was spread over the entire country. They not only combed the whole city but also the whole of the hinterland and the Frontier before they could get at their prey.

Bombay's C. I. D., sleuth-hound Superintendent Quilter directed a team of five of his ablest assistants and with the admirable co-operation of Inspectors Umer Khan Pathan and Rane and the rest of the team carrying out this hair-raising assignment, didn't relax a minute until the mystery was finally solved and the two alleged killers were safely manacled.

The suspects are alleged to have ransacked Calcutta armoury and with the booty which comprised of two Sten-guns, six revolvers and 3,000 rounds of ammunition made for Bombay, four days prior to their hectic career in Bombay. The Bombay Police who received an S. O. S. to look out for them though packed with riot engagements kept a careful vigil. Despite all their preparedness however the men did succeed in infiltrating into the City. It is possible they gave the Police the slip at Igatpuri upto which point, they were almost within the reach of the limbs of the law.

Alleged Gang Leaders Arrested

BOMBAY, Monday.

Three persons suspected to be Gang leaders were produced before Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate Esplanade Court this morning.

The accused Murgesh Naidu, Hari Mansaram and Nathoo Rameshwar, it is alleged were connected with rioting, looting and stabbing at Girgaum.

All the accused were released on a bail of Rs. 1,000 each.

Babiya Sitaram, Dhondu Arjun and eight others were rounded up in connection with a stabbing incident at the foot of the Bellasis Bridge, Tardeo yesterday morning.

It was stated that the assailants, after the incident ran towards the Ganjawalla Chawl adjoining the Bridge. The accused were arrested from the chawl.

The accused were released on a bail of Rs. 1,000 each.

Chaganlal Laloobhai Patil was arrested on a charge of assaulting a person in a bye-lane near the Warden Road on Saturday.

It was stated that the complainant had an altercation with the accused, when he was proceeding along the Warden Road. The accused and three others followed him down the Gamadia Road. Then the accused seized him by neck and, it is alleged he ordered one of his accomplices to stab the complainant. Thereupon he was stabbed. The complainant is at present lying in a precarious condition in the Harkisondas Hospital.

The accused was ordered to be remanded into custody till December 9.

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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Nov. 25, (A. P. I.): Following is the weather chart showing maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours from November 1 and departure from normal recorded at 8 a.m., today:—

Ahmedabad 83 63 0 0.6 plus 0.4, Ahmednagar 81 59 0 9.4 plus 8.3, Allahabad nil, Aurangabad 81 57 0 9.9 plus 8.9, Bangalore 77 65 0 5.9 plus 3.4 Baroda 86 58 0 1.0 plus 0.2, Belgaum 80 55 0 5.5 plus 4.1, Bhopal 77 49 0 3.7 plus 2.8, Bhuj 85 56 0 0 minus 0.1, BOMBAY 89 71 0 6.5 plus 5.8, Calcutta 83 65 0 1.7 plus 0.9, Calicut 89 75 0 7.9 plus 2.9, Cawnpore 80 50 0 0.2 minus 0.1, Cuttack 83 62 0 3.3 plus 1.8, Delhi 81 48 00 8.7 0.1, Hyderabad (Dn.) 85 62 0 2.5 plus 1.4 Indore 76 49 0 6.8 plus 6.3, Jacobabad 83 52 0 0 0, Karachi 84 65 0 0 minus 0.1, Kodaikanal 57 51 0.5 17.0 plus 8.6, Lahore 79 47 P 0 minus 0.1, Ludhiana 83 49 0 0 minus 0.1, Madras 84 74 0.8 21.1 plus 9.4, Madura 81 73 0.1 11.2 plus 6.0, Mangalore 89 76 0 5.2 plus 2.5, Mysore 79 66 0 7.5 plus 5.2, Nagpur 79 56 C 0.4 plus 5.7, Peshawar 75 46 0 0.2 plus 0.1, Rajkot 86 55 0 1.0 plus 0.7, Ranchi 73 52 0 1.0 plus 0.4, Sholapur 84 65 0 1.0 minus 0.3, Surat 91 64 0 7.5 plus 7.2.

DAILY WEATHER SUMMARY FOR MONDAY: Yesterday's western disturbance is moving away across Kashmir. A secondary is apparently forming off Mekran. Weather continues to be thundery in the South-East Arabian Sea off Malabar. Rainfall has been widespread in South-East Madras and local in Malabar. A few thundershowers have also occurred in and near the Madras Deccan.

Forecast until Tuesday evening: Rainfall will be widepread in the Peninsula, south of latitude 14°N. A few showers are also likely in the South Deccan, the South Konkan, along the North-West Frontier, in Kashmir and the East Punjab. Isolated dust or thunderstorms are also possible in Sind and South-West Punjab. Night temperatures will be above normal over the country outside C. P. and U. P.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

May we all dedicate ourselves to the establishment of an abiding friendship and fellowship in our own midst, and together create an India that would be the banner and beacon of hope and peace to the world.

—Sarojini Naidu.

The Bombay Chronicle

WHAT NEXT?

The proceedings of the Meerut Session of the Congress and the statements and counter-statements issued regarding the Muslim League's policy make it clear that the situation in the country is extremely unsatisfactory, the only redeeming feature being that communal riots have very much subsided—for the time being. But the question uppermost in the minds of everyone is what is to be done next to retrieve the situation, to end the present disturbances completely, to prevent their recurrence in the future, and to bring about, if possible some sort of understanding between the Congress and the League with regard to the Interim Government and the forthcoming Constituent Assembly. So far as preventing riots in the future is concerned, it is now brought home to all that in all affected or suspected areas the police force should be strengthened, that to it should be added an auxiliary force like Home Guards, which is being formed in Bombay, that, wherever necessary and possible, peace and defence committees should be formed in different mohollas and that, above all, as was emphasised by Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, Bombay, in his broadcast talk, the public should be trained to give their wholehearted support to the police. Again, the Congress President suggested in his presidential address that, if the Centre fails to make itself responsible for internal security in the provinces, the popular Governments in the provinces must take up such matters with each other in future. Bitter experience, we hope, has taught provincial Governments to act on these lines. We hope, too, that the Central Government will manage somehow to discharge its responsibility to help in maintaining peace and tranquillity in the country The Viceroy has a special responsibility in the matter and he cannot shirk it when he is desired by the Interim Government to discharge it.

Much harder is the task of promoting goodwill between the two contending communities. How precisely this is to be done is naturally a big question. But Maulana Abul Kalam Azad did well to emphasise one important point in this connection. He said that Congress is the only organisation that can yet effectively combat communalism provided, of course, Congressmen in general live up to their ideal of nationalism and bear the burden of protecting all in distress. If Congressmen in East Bengal, he said, had stood fast by their true ideals, as they should have done, the tragedy there would not have occurred, as it did. In Bihar, wherever Congressmen worked for the restoration of peace, the disturbances subsided. He had himself heard Muslims express surprise at the suddenness with which the trouble stopped in parts of Bihar as soon as Congressmen exerted their influence. Pandit Nehru pointed out that the problem had been complicated by the emergence of Hindu Fascism as a consequence of Muslim League Fascism. But we share his hope that Congress will effectively tackle the two-pronged Indian Fascism" The question should be very soon considered by the Congress executive. It should not be left to be dealt with merely by the police or other administrative machinery. As Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan suggested, every attempt must be made through scrupulously non-violent methods to win over to nationalism those who have gone astray.

Whether it will be possible for Congress to come to any understanding with the League about co-operation in the Interim Government naturally depends upon the League's attitude towards the Constituent Assembly. If the League refuses to participate in the Assembly it will be a clear violation of the promise given by Mr. Jinnah to the Viceroy and will, under Cabinet Mission's plan, automatically make the League ineligible for continuance in the Interim Government. If the Viceroy permits the League to remain in the Government he will himself be guilty of violating the plan. We have expressed the hope that sheer force of circumstances will compel Mr. Jinnah to change his decision. But his final decision cannot be allowed to hang fire indefinitely as the Constituent Assembly is due to meet only two weeks hence. It is up to the Viceroy to decide the question very soon.

Frankly Speaking

A New "Empire"?

The irrepressible Mr Winston Churchill, who insists on living in an epoch that is dead, evidently fancies himself as destined by a pro-British providence for the distinction of being another Empire builder. If the Labourites are, as he believes, casting away an Empire built with so much labour by the ancestors of Mr. Churchill and his fellow Imperialists, why, their descendants, led by Mr. Churchill, would have another and a more magnificent creation, of course, in a new form. He would create a United States of Europe, obviously under the auspices of Great Britain, a British institution even more historically ingenious than the British Commonwealth of Nations. Mr. Churchill was seized with the idea sometime ago and has been pressing on with its advocacy ever since, undaunted by criticism, undaunted even by realities. For, the realities are that, however admirable as the ultimate solution of the European problem, no European country is going to agree to a United States of Europe even without British "leadership" and, secondly, the suggestion in the present circumstances is clearly designed as a coalition in hostile opposition to the Soviet Union. Such a course, therefore, will ensure neither peace nor progress but a big war. Mr. Churchill's move even with the efficient support of Mr. L. S. Amery can come to nothing. But his efforts to form an organisation of British public men for that purpose ought to be welcome. It will further expose Mr. Churchill's fellow-Conservatives.

The Best Guarantee

The Syrians cannot be blamed if, as their Prime Minister, M. Saadullah Jabry, announced in the chamber, "Syria would not join any Arab union which was incompatible with her sovereignty". The questions arose out of a speech by King Abdullah of the Transjordan. The proposal regarding a "Greater Syria" including the Transjordan and Iraq is an old one. But it is of a rather suspicious character. King Abdullah, despite independence, is still largely dependent on the British and Iraq continues to maintain extra-special relations with Britain. Syria in a Union with such countries will have to accept British influence. Moreover, the Union will constitute an extension of the territorial influence of the late King Hussein's Dynasty to the prejudice of Syria. In the present circumstances the best and only guarantee of peace and freedom for the Arab countries is free partnership in the Arab League composed of all Arab States.

Dastardly Crime

A terrible tragedy has occurred in Palestine in the dastardly assassination of Jamal el Husseini, Vice-Chairman of the Palestine Arab Higher Committee. The murder of Jamal el Husseini is more than a cowardly crime. It is a crime perpetrated against Arab Palestine and, indeed, against the whole Arab World. Jamal Husseini, a cousin of the Grand Mufti, was second in influence and importance only to the eminent exile at Alexandria. As Vice-Chairman of the Arab Higher Committee, which was recently reconstituted to include all Arab parties in Palestine, he was, in the absence of the Grand Mufti, for whom the chairmanship has been left vacant, the head of the Palestine Arabs and represented their struggle for the survival of Arab Palestine and its people. His death at the hands of dastardly assassins is, therefore, no ordinary matter. And it is obvious who the assassins were and why they perpetrated the shocking and fell crime.

War On Arabs

The tragedy has created a grave situation. It is a calculated and deliberate declaration of war to the finish, nothing less, on the Arabs of Palestine. It is a war declared on them by Zionists, who have consistently received encouragement for their Hitlerian aggressive designs on a Palestine that does not belong to them, from the United States of America and from Britain and who have been further encouraged by the fact that the Mandatory Authority has failed to make any impression on or check Jewish terrorism, which has been increasing in extent and intensity till it has now taken toll of the leader of the Arabs. For the death of Jamal Husseini the United States and Britain cannot escape responsibility. The Zionists, of course, are directly responsible. It is now war and war to the end; for, the Arabs have been confronted squarely with the issue of their whole survival. And it is a war not only against Arab Palestine but against all Arabs. India deeply condoles with the Arabs in their shocking bereavement and assures them of her fullest sympathy in the crisis that has now been forced upon them by Zionists and their friends.

Our Readers' Views

Travancore Riots

Sir,—From information and accounts of the 'Travancore Riots' as published in the papers, it is noticed that an attempt is being made by interested quarters to give the public, especially those outside Travancore a one-sided, distorted and wrong information on the present unhappy incidents, which has aggrieved all the patriotic elements, irrespective of caste, creed or community.

It is the fashion of the day to attribute the cause, blame and responsibility for any unrest on the shoulders of the Communist party. It is true that Communism and Communist activities were and still are being carried on successfully and in an effective manner among the working classes of the state. The reasons for this development are extreme poverty and the most adverse living conditions of the workers of the State, which is aggravated by the present scarcity of food. It is no wonder, therefore that the workers turn to Communism and become more and more Communist-minded. It is also partly due to fact that at the moment there is more vigour and young blood among the ranks of the Communist party, who, taking advantage of the very meagre attention paid by the Government and other major political parties to ameliorate te miseries of the workers, have monopolised all activities to themselves. Until very recently many of the prominent Trade Union Leaders were also members of the State Congress, and were fighting under the same banner for the political freedom. Now, the Dewan, by throwing the entire blame for the riots and the Communist Party and their pernicious propaganda, wants to discredit that party in the eyes of the public and drive a wedge among the people, in order that there should not be any concerted attempt by all parties of the state for full-fledged responsible government. In this connection it will be interesting to note that the Communist Party of the State was the first to criticise and expose the inadequack of the proposed constitutional reforms contemplated by the Dewan. Even members of the State Congress who possess considerable influence among the workers are being arreste dnd put into prisons without any specific reasons or charges brought against them. z z

In my considered opinion, the present as well as future unrests can only be effectively combatted by a responsible Government composed of the accredited leaders of the people. The uresent government, as constituted, is completely discredited in the eyes of the public and any attempts made by them will only be looked upon with suspicion.

The declaration of Martial Law in the two talukas of Ambalapuzha and Shertalai, is an unwanted encroachment on the civil liberties of the people and all nationalist papers and leades should denounce these puntive measures, and bring pressure to bear npon the Government for the immediate withdrawal of the martial law, and restoration of civil liberties. It is gratifying to note that all the responsible leaders of the state were unanimous in their verdict, that the measures adopted by the state were not necessary and that the military rule should be witndrawn with immediate effect.

It is also necessary for the public special tribunal to enquire into the reasons of the riots, and to recommen necessary remedial measures to avoid a repetition of the present unrest in the future. It is also necessary for the tribunal to express an opinion on the conduct of the military aid the police who are employed in the suppresion of th eriots as many reports of atrocities committed on the helpless workers, are being daily reported.

A TRAVANCOREAN.

Control Over Flour Mills Needed

Sir, When there is rationing due to serious scarcity of food grains there is every necessity of control over flour mills also.

In Bombay ,flour mill traders are receiving grain and corn for conversion into flour, without weighing the same and in return they are returning the flour in some quantity and not the full flour only weighed. There is a general complaint that the flour returned is much shorter in weight than the grain given to the mills. It is easy for a flour mill to keep back some portion of the ground material out of every lot given to press the Maharaja to appoint a it for grinding into flour.

I am told that in these days a peculiar system of profiteering has been developed by which some unscrupulous flour mill owners and employees manage to accumulate a large quantity of flour from the lot given for grinding and the quantity of flour so saved is sold in the market at profiteering rates.

We suggest that Government should enforce a system of weighing the grain received and flour delivered by the mills.

A. BHADYA,
(President, Adi Dravida Social Service Association).

Vegetable Seeds And Sales Tax

Sir,—When the Bombay Government is carrying on propaganda for the growing of more vegetables to be consumed by the people in large quantities in order to save their grain quota to be distributed amongst those who badly require it on account of food scarcity in the country, it is surprising to note that it should not exempt not grass-seed for fodder and vegetable seed for kitchen garded crops from the levy of the Sales Tax.

The Sales Tax is all right in the use of grass and flower seeds, which are used as luxury for garden lawn, golf and cricket pitches and for growing flowers. I trust that the Minister for Agriculture will look into the matter and remove this anomaly.

SUNDERRAO D. NAVALKAR.

MAHATMA ADVISES REFUGEES TO RETURN HOME

Bengal Minister Assures What Had Happened Will Not Recur Again

RAMGANJ, Nov. 23 (API): Gandhiji held his prayer meeting at Chandpur, about two hours' journey by boat from here. The meeting was held in the school compound where about 3,000 refugees were staying. After prayer Mr. Shamsuddin Ahmed, Bengal Minister for Commerce, Mr. Hamiduddin Ahmed, Parliamentary Secretary, Mr. Manoranjan Choudhury, Moulana Kazi Karim Missir and others addressed the meeting, and a Peace Committee was formed.

Gandhiji returned to his Srirampur Camp at 11 p.m.

GO HOME WITH COURAGE

Gandhiji who was the last speaker at the prayer meeting, spoke for over twenty minutes. He spoke in Hindi. Mr. Satis Das Gupta translated the speech into Bengali.

Gandhiji said that Peace Committees were now being formed and he would say all should join them. If anybody had any complaint they should make it to such Committees or through the Committees. This he thought brought better results than getting the complaints published in papers. He thought that the duty of members of Peace Committees would be to bring back those already left or still living in Relief Camps, but they would return not as thieves but go about freely. They could say: "We have seen many Peace Committees; we have suffered for it; we do not believe in them".

Gandhiji did not believe that Shamsuddin Sahib (Mr. Shamsuddin Ahmed) could go back on his words. He did not believe the Government would deceive him. Islam never took shelter under falsehood. Falsehood never lasted long, and if Islam was established on falsehood it would have died by this time. In the name of God Muslims were giving them an assurance that they wanted peace amongst Hindus and Muslims. He could not believe they would dishonour their words. Rather, he would die before seeing their words dishonoured. He would not believe it as long as he lived. If they meant otherwise they would have said it bravely. He, therefore, advised refugees to return home, relying on their words. Shamsuddin Sahib had given them his word. They should wait and see. They should go back home with courage, and believe in the name of God.

BENGAL MINISTER'S ASSURANCE

Mr. Shamsuddin Ahmed, Minister for Commerce and Industries, said that they were sorry for what had happened here. Some of his brothers lost their head and did this. Some people were killed and their homesteads burnt, the most regrettable occurrence being forcible conversion. He heard from Hindu women that their conchshells had been broken and vermillion mark removed. All these hurt their Hindu brothers. He believed that no religion could be preached by force. Islam was never preached this way. But he assured the Hindus on behalf of the Bengal Government that such a thing would never occur in the future so long as the League Ministry remained in office and culprits responsible for this would be severely punished.

PEACE MOVE

He also assured them that so long as AMAN paddy was not harvested the Government would render relief. The Government would administer with justice and equality. He was trying to remove ill-feeling between the two communities and create a peaceful atmosphere so that Hindus and Muslims might again live together as brothers. He had formed a Thana Peace Committee at Ramganj and such Committees had also to be formed at different other places.

SERIOUS DEVASTATION

He saw the devastation in some places and could say it had been serious. The Government would surely do what they could for those who had suffered. He had also got an assurance from local Muslims who also were sorry. They would reconstruct the houses and Government would give them the money. If the minority's life and proptrties were unsafe in Muslim majority areas where did their claim for Pakistan stand, he asked. Hindus had been hurt and hurt seriously. But everywhere thousands of Muslims told him that they were sorry for what had happened and they would see that nothing happened in future. God willing, he hoped he would succeed in creating that atmosphere.

Of members of Gandhiji's party, Mr. Pyarelal has left for Bhatialpur near Shahpur, Mr. Golam Sarwar's village, Sushila Nayyar for Chagiragaon, Miss Sushila Pai for Karpara and Mr. Kanu Gandhi for Dashgharia. Miss Amtus Salam, another member of Gandhiji's Ashram, is touring different villages.

MAHATMA ALL RIGHT NOW

Gandhiji had an attack of diarrhoea and vomitting yesterday while going by boat to Chandpur, where he held his prayer meeting. Dr. Sushila Nayyar, who is staying at village Champergaon, near Chandpur, also attended the meeting. In reply to an inquiry she told the Press today: "Prof. Nirmal Bose told me at Chandpur that Gandhiji had some diarrhoea and vomitting. The boat had to be stopped on the way in this connection. During an interval at the meeting he had another loose motion. The cause of the disturbance seems to have been a very bitter vegetable that was given to him at the midday meal. The strain of going to bed at 1 a.m. the previous night must have contributed to it. I stayed with him last night. He is all right now and I am returning to my village. There need be no anxiety whatsoever. His work has not been interrupted in any way".

Prior to departure to Chandpur yesterday, Gandhiji said: "Beyond feeling still weak and having skin eruptions, I am feeling no ill effects of the recent reduction in diet. This is the fourth day since resuming taking milk. Dr. Shushila Nayyar thinks that normal diet will remove skin eruption which, she things, are due to lowered vitality and restoration of normal strength is a matter of days now if I take care of myself. Otherwise, like the rest of my companions she has gone to a village nearby. I may add that my work has not suffered and I hope it will not have to suffer for my physical weakness".

FLUCTUATION AT RELIEF CENTRES

CALCUTTA: There has been a continual fluctuation in the attendance at relief centres in East Bengal with a general trend of movement from Raipur Camp in Chandpur and Dattapara in Chaumuhani, according to the report of Mr. James Buchanan, Director of Physical Training in charge of Home Guards, who returned from his second visit to Tipperah and Noakhali Districts last week. The total number of evacuees in the Chandpur Camps, when Mr. Buchanan left, was 12,000. About 8,000 refugees had recently been repatriated with official help and rations had been supplied to them.

The confusion created by unauthorised volunteers, had been eased by registering their names and associations and the issue of certificates to recognised volunteers according to the number of occupants in Relief Camps.

Influx Of Bihar Refugees Into Bengal

CALCUTTA, Nov. 25, (API): There are 5,000 refugees from Bihar in Calcutta relief centres at the present moment, according to Sir Walter Gurner, Commissioner, Relief and Rehabilitation, Government of Bengal. In Asansol there are 2,000 refugees. In addition to these about 1,500 Bihar refugees have passed through Bengal Government relief camps to their friends and relatives in Calcutta and elsewhere.

Speaking at a press conference today Sir Walter added that the Relief Department were anticipating increased pressure on their organisations during the next few weeks, partly as a result of the influx of refugees from Bihar and partly in the light of the general economic position.

When asked what was the policy of the Government of Bengal with regard to refugees from Bihar, Sir Walter said that they accepted the position as it stood and no definite decision had been reached by the Government. He thought that it was too early to take up correspondence with the Bihar Government on the question of repatriation of these refugees or to ask to keep them out of the Province.

FORCING REFUGEES BACK TO THEIR VILLAGES

CHOUMUHANI, Nov. 23, (A.P.I.): (Press Passed) "An intriguing situation has developed in Noakhali district owing to the attempt of the authorities to force the refugees back to their villages by threatened stoppage of all supplies of free rations", says Mr. Ashutosh Lahiri, General Secretary of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, in a statement to the Press.

According to Mr. Lahiri daily about 2,000 refugees are passing through Chaumuhani Station alone. Mr. Lahiri adds, "And most of the inmates of Dattapara and Khilpara Camps, inspite of military and armed guards, have left. Judged from the figures about the movement of refugees the situation must be taken to have definitely worsened and the sense of panic and insecurity far from being allayed has been intensified at least in certain parts of the affected areas".

Moreover, the sudden influx of volunteers of a political organisation in the affected areas, apparently with the permission of the district authorities, has greatly added to the complexity of the situation. These volunteers are wearing Red Cross badges and I met 27 of them at Raipura.

CONFLICTING REPORTS OF BIHAR CASUALTIES

PATNA, Nov. 25 (U.P.I.): The United Press of India gathers from official sources that completion of accurate figures of casualties in the recent riots in certain areas of Bihar still presents serious difficulties and previous estimates have been revised in the light of subsequent developments. To cite an instance, it was originally estimated that only four or five members of a minority community in village Harla in Masaurhi area in Patna district, survived. It is now learnt on good authority that 90 persons are back in their home and about 40 more in a nearby camp. In another village in the same area at least 5 survivors have already been traced against the original one.

PUNJAB FOODGRAINS FOR BIHAR

LAHORE, Nov. 25, (A.P.I.): "With a view to affording immediate relief to the sufferers of Bihar disturbances, the Punjab Government, with the approval of the Government of India, are dispatching 74,000 maunds of rice and 28,000 maunds of gram to Bihar within the next few days", says Malik Sir Khizar Hyat Khan, Premier of the Punjab in a Press statement.

RAZA ALI'S CHALLENGE TO SMUTS

"Give Union Indians Same Rights As Those Enjoyed By Harijans Here"

NEW DELHI, Nov. 25 (API): A challenge to General Smuts to grant the Indian community there the same statutory rights as the Depressed Classes have in India, is made by Syed Raza Ali, former India Government Commissioner in South Africa in a comprehensive statement in reply to the speech made by Smuts before the Political and Legal Committees of the UNO.

Syed Raza Ali says: In meeting India's case against the Union General Smuts has made an amazing speech before the United Nations General Assembly. Like a clever lawyer while refusing to state his case on the issue of facts, he has mentioned some points which are the stock arguments of those South African White who do not know the India of today. The General seems to have adopted the cautious attitude of one willing to wound but afraid to strike.

It is not true that the bulk of those Indians who went to Natal to work as labourers 80 years ago and finally settled there belonged to Depressed Classes. The proportion of Depressed Class people among them could not have been very large. Though poor and of humble origin they were fine agriculturists who by their hard work converted Natal into a garden. In the treatment of their descendants, who have improved themselves to a remarkable degree, not because, but in spite of the various Governments' anti-Indian pur and Dattapara in Chaumunani, it should not be forgotten that not all the White settlers from Europe could boast of an aristocratic descent.

DISCRIMINATION

Let a deputation appointed by the General Assembly visit the railway stations and trains, post offices cinemas, hotels restaurants, tramways, buses and steamers of South Africa to see things for itself.

I remember the humiliation to which I was subjected during my stay in the Union as High Commissioner for India when the White lift-boy having discovered from my wife's dress that we were Indians refused to operate the lift. At Lorenco Marques, which is practically under the Union Government's management the White waiters refused to serve lunch to a fairly large party of my guests because some of them were Indians. What a grand 'social status' for Indians to enjoy."

CHALLENGE TO SMUTS

Two questions hinted at by General Smuts are the treatment of the Depressed classes and the recent communal clashes in India. It requires to be stated most emphatically and unequivocally that unlike South Africa there is absolutely no law in India differentiating between the Depressed Classes and the rest of the population. In the eye of the law all Indians have equal rights in all spheres of activity. They have the right to purchase landed or house property and live in any place and carry on any trade, business or profession they like, with as much freedom as is enjoyed by Mr. Jinnah or Pandit Nehru. The strength of the present Indian Government is 14, of whom two belong to the Depressed Classes — one nominated by the Congress and the other by the Muslim League. May I make an offer to General Smuts? India will be quite ready to settle the Indian question with the Union Government if General Smuts gives the same statutory rights to the domiciled Indians in South Africa as the Depressed Classes have in India — no more or no less.

RIOTS IN UNION RECALLED

As for the communal clashes in India, General Smuts should be the last man to forget what happened in South Africa in 1899-1902. The loss of life and destruction of property in these disturbances is yet only a fraction of the total losses suffered by Boer and Britain in that war. The future is on the lap of the Gods, but I am confident that the Congress and the League will muddle through. In any case our present difficulties can afford no moral justification to General Smuts for outbidding the Nationalist Party in enslaving our people in the Union. Let the world beware that what is euphemistically and so complacently called segregation in South Africa perpetuates some of the worst forms slavery, crushing the soul of the people against whom it is practised.

Indeed segregation is in peace time what the Atom Bomb is in warfare. One exterminates the body, the other kills the soul.

FUTILE PLEA

General Smuts' plea of domestic jurisdiction is a drowning man's desperate attempt to save himself by catching at a straw. Would it be open to General Smuts to plead domestic jurisdiction if the Union Parliament passed a law confiscating the property of all Asiatics and other ordering them to be drowned in mid-Atlantic between South Africa and South America? I have taken an extreme case but the principle stressed by General Smuts is the same in both cases. In each case the sanction of the Union Government and Parliament would be there.

U. N. O. ON TRIAL.

By the Capetown Agreement solemnly entered into by the Government of India and the Union Government in 1927 a permanent solution of the Indian question was arrived at. In return for the pledge given by the Union Government to treat the Indians as an integral part of the population and be responsible for their upliftment, we agreed to their giving up their own modes of life, adopting western standard of living and thus being lost to the mother country. But instead of carrying out the terms of the agreement the Union Government started a campaign of anti-Indian legislation which culminated in the Asiatic Land Tenure and Indian Representation Act.

A tragedy is being enacted in South Africa. The irony of it is that the aid of the charter is being invoked in support of this lawless law. It is not the Union Government but the General Assembly that is on trial. In short the point is will it allow the law of the jungle to prevail.

New Year's Day In Egypt

GOVT. TO CLOSE DOWN FUAD UNIVERSITY

CAIRO, Nov. 25, (Reuter): Government offices and schools were closed in Cairo today to celebrate the Muslim New Year's Day.

Further anti-Government and anti-British demonstrations by students which marked the week-end in Cairo, were not expected in view of the occasion.

Reports here today said that the Government might close down indefinitely the Fuad al Awal university where the week-end riots originated.

A number of questions concerning the demonstrations are to be asked in the Egyptian Parliament.

The Egyptian newspaper 'Al Kotla' today protested against the Press ban on reporting the riots, saying that the news of them was public abroad. The only people who knew nothing about them were the Egyptians, the paper added.

King Farouk will broadcast to Arab countries today as part of the Muslim New Year Celebrations.

SUDAN LEADER FOR LONDON.

KHARTOUM: Sayed Abdel Rahman el Mahdi Pasha, one of Sudan's religious—political leaders, announced that he would leave Khartoum for London by air tomorrow. During his stay in London, Sayed will express his political views to Prime Minister Attlee and other British leaders. On his way back, Sayed will stop at Cairo to meet the Egyptian Premier, Sidky Pasha. Mahdi has cabled Sidky Pasha asking for an interview

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"His Excellency the Governer of Bengal, Sir Frederick Burrows, paid a surprise visit to the Chandpur subdivision yesterday. The Governor accompanied by local officials proceeded about twenty miles in jeeps along tortuous and narrow country roads bounded on either side by paddy fields almost ripe for harvest".

—A.P.I.

* * * *

Speaking at the Congress Session, Srijut Asoka Mehta asserted that their Highnesses the Princes were also a sort of King's Party.

Not "Party" Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer will have the right to protest.

No, not "Party". They are something more—er—monarchical than that.

* * * *

Similarly we dissgree with Khan Abdus Samad Khan's description of the Political Department as the King's Party.

If Srijut Asoka Mehta lowered the status of the Princes, the Baluchistan leader raised that of the Political Department which, or who should be more accurately the Yeomanry.

* * * *

Says Mr. Ghazanfar Ali Khan: "If, however, the Congress can remain in the Interim Government after publicly refusing (sic, sic) to follow the plan as laid down in the British delegation's statements. I do not see why the Muslim League, which is only protesting against the manifest camouflage of the Congress, cannot stay in the Interim Government".

Poor Wavell. We really sympathise with him.

* * * *

Mr. Ghazanfar Ali Khan declares: "I have no knowledge of what the Viceroy might have told Mr. Jinnah during this meeting (referred to in Lord Wavell's October 23 letter to Jawaharlal) .....".

Why?

Incidentally, why, in that case, bother to explain the situation in the basis of "no knowledge"?

* * * *

Reuter learns that under the leadership of Mr. Winston Churchill, an organisation for the promotion of a United States of Europe may be formed shortly.

Under the segis of "the British Commonwealth and Empire"?

* * * *

It is further reported that Mr. L. S. Amery is one of the Conservatives supporting the project.

He will, of course, be the Secretary of States for Europe.

The Junior colleague adds the suggestion that Lord Linlithgow should obviously be the Viceroy and Sir Reginald Maxwell, the Home Member.

* * * *

A memorandum addressed to the United Nations General Assembly urges that countries maintaining diplomatic relations with General Franco's Government be asked to sever them.

It is to be hoped that the great International Statesman, General Smuts circulates a 100-page smashing reply to this memorandum showing conclusively how disastrous the proposed course of action will be to the very existence of the United Nations Organisation.

GREEK-YUGOSLAV RUPTURE LIKELY

BELGRADE, Nov. 25 (Reuter): A scathing attack on the Greek Government by the Yugoslav Official Communist newspaper, "Borba", today has led diplomatic observers to speculate whether it foreshadows an actual break in diplomatic relations with Greece.

The article, which is regarded here as an official statement of the Yugoslav Government's views in the present crisis, declared: "The Greek Government and its Foreign inspirers are solely responsible that a situation has today been brought about which forces Yugoslavia to consider such measures as a complete rupture of diplomatic relations with Greece.

"Public opinion sees clearly that the occupation of Greece by British troops can no longer be justified, and that it is compromising itself daily more and more as a forcible interference in the internal affairs of an Allied country".

TIRUPATHI TEMPLE AND HARIJANS

MADRAS, Nov. 21, (A. P. I.): A move to throw open the well-known pilgrim centre of South India, the Venkatachalapathi Temple at Tirupathi Hill-top to Harijans has been made by the Tirupathi Devasthanam Committee.

The Committee has passed a resolution holding that it is high time that the disability of Harijans to worship in the sacred shrine should removed.

The Committee has decided to request the Government to grant necessary permission for the Harijan entry into the temple after ascertaining the opinion of the Hindu worshipping public.

MARTIAL LAW IN MAZANDARAN

MOSCOW, Nov. 25, (Reuter): "Tass", the official Soviet news agency, today quoted a report in the Persian newspaper "Rahbar" that the Persian Government had proclaimed Martial Law throughout the northern province of Mazandran (which includes the South Caspian shore where the Russians had been granted oil concessions)

Troops had occupied factories, said the report, and members of the Left-wing "Popular" party had been forbidden to enter the province.

Trains were being searched on the provincial border and trade Unionists taken off and put under arrest. Left-wing newspapers were banned last week, the report added.

The U. P. A. adds: Premier Ghavam spent a busy night last night receiving the Big Three ambassadors in turn and informed circles believed the Soviet Ambassador protested against the suppression of "democratic elements and the bolstering up of reactionaries in Iran."

Radio Moscow completely reversed its conciliatory tone and is now strongly censuring the Iran Government.

ARMED TRIBESMEN ENTER ZENJAN

LONDON, November 24. (Reuter): Flashing that, Teheran is broadcasting "urgent appeal for help". Tabriz radio last night reported that 5,000 armed tribesmen had entered Zenjan in northern Persia, 180 miles north-west of Teheran and killed twenty people besieged Government House police station and post office and were attacking members of the Democrat Party. The Radio which gave news as important announcement said it had been received in telegram from Democrat Party branch in Zenjan where trouble had first broken out last Friday. The Imam Zenjan has been killed and 25 shops looted the telegram reported acoording to Tabriz radio.

Stray Knife Attacks Continue In City

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Director of Publicity, Government of Bombay, in Press Note issued late on Monday night says:

"When an assailant tried to stab a passerby in the Duncan Road area this afternoon the latter caught hold of the hand of the former to avert the blow, and sustained a cut in his hand. The assailant extricated himself and ran away.

"Eight persons have been arrested on suspicion in connection with a knife attack on a boy of 16 in the Null Bazar area this afternoon.

"A fatal stabbing incident occurred in a shop in the Matunga area early tonight. Another person was injured at the same place

"Dongri and Parel also reported one knife attack each this evening.

"An assault with stones or sticks in the Byculla area and two stone-throwing incidents in the Manarbaori area aimed at a religious place and at a police party have also been reported".

State Of Emergency In Mandangad Taluka

Owing to the disturbed communal situation in the Mandangad Taluka of the Ratnagiri District, the Government of Bombay has declared a state of emergency in the taluka.

RIOTS IN CAIRO

CAIRO, Nov. 25 (Reuter): Riots broke out in the heart of Cairo this evening outside the Egyptian Press Syndicate in Kasr-el-Nil Street just as Hussein Heykal Pasha, Leader of the Egyptian Liberal Party (Government) was answering a Press Conference question on Egypt's national demands.

INTERIM GOVT. FACES EARLY COLLAPSE

(Continued from Page 1)

cles to the success of the Assembly are to be overcome."

Mr. Hodson said that he attached little importance to the leaving of residuary powers to provinces. But the critical fact, he added, was that modern Governments had shown a constant trend towards centralisation of powers. India, by reason of her communal difficulties, was attempting to reverse this trend. The brief list of Union Powers was remarkable in his view for what it omitted.

POSITION OF STATES

In reference to the position of Indian States, Mr. Hodson expressed emphatically the view that implicit in the promise of independence for India had been the policy that States must be on an organic relationship with British India.

The Treaties with States were in his opinion not matters of International Law, but domestic arrangements under the Crown liable to be affected by a change of British policy for India as a whole. They were in the present stage on a footing with British pledges to minorities, in that both must be given a fair chance and a reasonable chance of self-defence.

He also expressed the view that immediate democratisation of States would lead to immense communal friction and this would add to the great problems India was facing.

Dealing with the position of minorities, Mr. Hodson said that the British system of Party Government has been proved unsuitable to Indian conditions. The Swiss system of what might be described as Committee Government, that is, election of Executive Councillors by proportionate representation by the Legislature seemed in many ways ideally adapted to India's peculiar difficulties, but it must be associated with a system of separate electorates.

Calcutta Stock Exchange

CALCUTTA, Nov. 25.

The Calcutta Stock Exchange today continued its easier trend round all section after the week-end and only a moderate business was put through.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

Anaconda Copper Mining unquoted, General Motors 49-1/4. United States Steel Common 69. United States Steel Preference unquoted.

Jinnah Refuses To Accept New Status Of Interim Govt.

League Nominees Will Function Under Conditions Of 1919 Act: Retort To Congress Leaders

KARACHI, Nov. 25 (A.P.I.): Addressing a Press Conference this evening Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, said: "In view of the horrible slaughter in the various parts of India, I am of the opinion that the authorities, both Central and Provincial, should take up immediately the question of exchange of population to avoid brutal recurrence of that which had taken place where small minorities have been butchered by the overwhelming majorities."

Mr. Jinnah made this statement in reply to a question seeking proposals for the restoration of peaceful atmosphere in India.

He added: "The Viceroy—because he alone can do it—as the representative of the Crown and the Governor-General with the powers that are vested in him should adopt every means and measures to restore firstly peace and order. In the present conditions there is no room for reason, intelligence and fairplay. Negotiations in these conditions can hardly yield fruitful results and produce a settlement satisfactory to both parties."

NO ASSURANCE

In reply to a question about the acceptance of the long-term plan of the British Cabinet Mission by the Muslim League, as a condition precedent to their entry in the Interim Government, mentioned in the Viceroy's letter to Pandit Nehru, Mr. Jinnah said:

"It is quite clear, as I have already said, that the Congress has not and never had accepted the long-term plan embodied in the statement of the Cabinet Mission of May 16, and clarified by their statement of May 25. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru himself has made it clear in his letter to Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi, which I quoted in my letter to the Viceroy, and so has Mr. Gandhi. These pronouncements were made as recently as September 30 and October 23.

Further, I have never for a single moment conveyed to the Viceroy anything, by way of assurances or otherwise, except that the long-term plan could only be considered and decided by the Council of the All-India Muslim League.

From the very beginning, until we nominated our five representatives. I told the Viceroy that the settlement of the long-term plan could only be taken up when a proper friendly atmosphere was created between the two major organisations. The Congress has not budged an inch and the Viceroy repeatedly made it clear to me that it was no use discussing this matter further with any hope of persuading the Congress to make an unequivocal statement accepting the long-term plan as embodied in the statement of 16th and 25th May."

CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY

Questioned what the Muslim League proposed to do with regard to the Constituent Assembly, Mr. Jinnah remarked: "We hope we shall be able to live. But I do not see how anyone could have persisted in his idea to go on with the Constituent Assembly in these circumstances and more especially in the terribly explosive atmosphere that has been created by the wholesale massacre in different parts of the country and particularly in Bihar. It is sheer recklessness and folly to pursue this path and I regret to say that the Congress leaders and the Congress annual session at Meerut have done their best to add more fuel to the fire."

INTERIM GOVT.

Mr. Jinnah referred to the speeches made at the Meerut session of the Congress and said:

"As regards the recent fulminations of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru against the Muslim League and false accusations, I can only say that there is not an iota of foundation for it. Pandit Nehru, in assuming his office, took two oaths. One of them was an Oath of Allegiance to King Emperor and he was playing to the gallery when he calls us the King's Party and accuses that we are helping the Imperialistic British Government. It is utterly untrue. Secondly even a man of the meanest intelligence can understand that he himself took the oath and was sworn in a categorical manner as a member of the Executive Council of the Governor-General.

It is as plain as pike-staff and it has been repeatedly made clear, especially in the broadcast of the Viceroy on September 2 that he has formed this Interim Government under the present Constitution, the Act of 1919, which is in operation. He also made it clear that he would give maximum freedom to the members of the Executive Council in the day-to-day Administration. It is sheer flight of imagination and fiction to call it a Cabinet, a National Government, or even a Coalition.

Even the Congress Working Committee is called Cabinet and some times I see in some quarters the Muslim League Working Committee is called a Cabinet. By giving a name you do not make it a Cabinet in the constitutional or legal sense. Nor can you vest it with powers of a real Cabinet by indulging in fiction, myth and imagination."

Continuing Mr. Jinnah said: "It is obvious that members of the Executive Council have been selected community-wise. It can, therefore, only function in terms of the Government of India Act of 1919 so far as the day-to-day Administration is concerned. Such limited powers and opportunities as there are in the day-to-day Administration can be utilised for the good of the peoples generally We have gone there only for that purpose but here comes the wishful thinking of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. He wants to shut his eyes in ostrich-like manner and think that the Government of India Act of 1919 does not exist.

In the flight of his imagination he thinks this is a truly National Government responsible to the people and electorate. Not only he imagines that he can function in that way, but he expects everybody else to do so. The real truth is that if he can only come down to the earth and think coolly and calmly, he must understand that he is neither the Prime Minister nor is it a Nehru Government; he is only a Member for the External Affairs and Commonwealth Department.

When his attention was drawn to the fact that the Viceroy himself had called it a Cabinet in his official correspondence, Mr. Jinnah remarked:

"Yes, the Viceroy was pressed that it is no use calling it an Interim Government and Pandit Nehru was very keen on this word "Cabinet." And the Viceroy saw no real objection if it pleased Pandit Nehru when they assumed office. Little things please little minds and you cannot turn a donkey into an elephant by calling it an elephant.

REPLY TO SARDAR PATEL

Asked by a pressman about his reaction to Sardar Patel's speech at the Meerut session of the Congress, Mr. Jinnah said: "Sardar Patel is a strong man as they said and therefore, he uses strong language; but words do not break bones. If he means by using the phrase "the sword will be met with the sword" that the minorities should be butchered by majority all over India, it is an appalling prospect. All I can say is that he does not seem to realise that any one who encourages this sort of thing is the greatest enemy of every community. Where has Sardar Patel got his sword? The Congress Ministries and those who are sitting now as members of the Executive Council will not be able to function if they were not under the protection of the British bayonet."

NO SUBORDINATE POSITION

Mr. Jinnah added: "So long as Pandit Nehru and the Congress think that by the instrumentality of such powers as are vested in the Interim Government, by means of his majority or by machination and manoeuvres, they can torpedo the Pakistan demand or do things bit by bit which will prejudice or militate against a settlement of the future Constitution, the Muslim League must resist every step and every measure that is taken with an eye to make more and more difficult the settlement of the future Constitution. Pandit Nehru and the Congress expect the Muslim League nominees or the Muslim League to act according to their orders as a subservient body. That again is an impossible position for us to accept. We cannot take orders either from Pandit Nehru or from the Congress, and so long as the policy of the Congress is to torpedo the Pakistan demand both by working inside the Executive Council and outside, and so long as the Congress does not recognise the Muslim League on a completely equal footing, it is difficult for us not to resist and combat the first and as to the second we cannot be expected to occupy a subservient or subordinate position under the Congress".

MISSION IN SIND

Speaking about his visit to Sind Mr. Jinnah said:

"I have come to Sind to help the Muslim League in every way I can to fight these elections. I have just arrived and I have not yet been able to decide as to my programme but we are determined to win every seat. Cent per cent is our target and I will do all I can to achieve that result. Then alone could you have a stable Government in Sind which, I think is the only hope for Sind. It is not only unwise but dangerous in this province that efforts should be made to disrupt the Mussalmans and set up a puppet Muslim Premier and Ministers who will act as Marionette according to the wishes of the Hindus whose votes and support only can keep them in that position. I appeal to every sensible man belonging to other communities not to encourage this in order to disrupt Mussalmans by various methods".

In conclusion Mr. Jinnah spoke of the Muslim League attitude to the minorities and said: "I want to repeat and emphasise that we shall not depart from the cardinal principle of the Muslim League of giving every safeguard and protection to the minorities and the Muslim League and myself will deal with the minorities in Sind and elsewhere in the fairest possible manner. I would impress upon every one that if you wish Sind to prosper and if you really desire the true welfare and progress of all communities in Sind there is only one way and that is to be fair to each other and establish a spirit of co-operation and harmony so that we may work together for the man-in-the-street who is often forgotten".

8,000 Lucknow Collegians On Strike

LUCKNOW, Nov. 25, (API): About 7,800 students of the Kaukubja Intermediate College went on a strike today as a protest against what they characterised as 'dilatory tactics' of the college authorities in remitting a sum of Rs. 250 to the Noakhali Relief Fund which was unanimously voted by the College Parliament.

Rao Bahadur Khare Dead

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, Nov. 24.

Rao Bahadur G. N. Khare, aged 86, formerly Educational Inspector, Central Division, expired here on Thursday last A number of schools and the Fergusson College were closed for the day. He was the father of Mr. L. G. Khare, the well-known journalist

BIGGEST HAUL

SINGAPORE. (Reuter): Driven from their usual fishing grounds off Baganslapiapi on the coast of Sumaria by fear of becoming involved in the trouble between Indonesians and Chinese there, Singapore fishermen sailed to the Andaman Islands in the Bay of Bengal and brought back the biggest single haul of fish since the war ended,—about 11 tons of the prized deep-sea cheimin averaging 8 lbs each.

The fishermen adopted the Japanese fisherman's method of sending a driver to scout for the school and spreading the nets when it was located.

Lewis Hauled Up For Trial

SOFT-COAL MINERS DEFY U.S. GOVT.

Federal Court Warning To Labour Union

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25 (Reuter): Without saying a word Mr. John Lewis, leader of America's 400,000 striking soft-coal miners was today committed for trial on Wednesday for contempt of court.

Mr. Lewis appeared before Judge Alan Goldsborough at the Washington Federal Court to show cause why he should not be punished for ignoring the court order to withdraw his notice cancelling the miners' contract with the Government.

The committal order also applied to his Union, the United Mineworkers of America.

The Court rejected the Union's plea that the trial date be postponed, and the Union in turn refused to consider the Government suggestion that a postponement be allowed if the miners go back to work.

Sitting silent throughout the 35 minutes proceedings, Mr. Lewis heard the carefully worded warning from the Judge that his present action might "induce Congress to take steps that may set Labour Unions back years." The Judge described the case before him as unprecedented adding: "I do not think a situation like this has ever confronted society."

Counsel for Mr. Lewis, Mr. Welly Hopkins, said that his case was based on two chief points: Firstly, the United Mine Workers of America had taken no action of any kind since receiving the restraining order from the Government.

Secondly, it was beyond the Court's jurisdiction to issue such restraining order.

The Assistant Attorney-General, Mr. John Sonnett, insisted that Mr. Lewis and his Union were in contempt and passed up a bulky brief for the Judge's consideration.

When the Union asked for a postponement, Mr. Sonnett said that the Government was willing to agree to an adjournment for any length of time provided the miners returned to work immediately; but Mr. Lewis dismissed the suggestion with a shake of the head

After a brief silence, Judge Goldsborough announced the trial for Wednesday.

Still silent, Mr. Lewis rose with a slight smile playing about his lips and with a brief bow to the judge walked from the court through a milling throng. He met reporters' questions with the same slight smile and drove away in a limousine.

The first round in the United States Government 'versus' Lewis was over and Mr. Lewis still had to say one word.

Mr. J. Lewis was 15 minutes early for the hearing. The small walnut-panelled court-room was jammed to capacity as Mr. Lewis' Counsel informed Judge Alan Goldsborough that Mr. Lewis was prepared to stand trial on charges of contempt of court next Wednesday.

Mr. Lewis and the United Mine Workers of America were committed for trial at 3 p. m. G.M.T. (8-30 p.m. I.S.T.).

STATE OF EMERGENCY IN NEW YORK

The A.P.A. adds: Following a declaration by the Acting Governor of New York State, J. R. Hanley, that a state of emergency existed because of the strike, William O'Dwyer, Mayor of New York, declared that a state of emergency existed in New York City. The Mayor asked citizens to suspend all unnecesary lighting, to reduce the use of electricity and to conserve all fuels.

Demands continued to be made for a special session of Congress. Harold Ickes, former Secretary of the Interior, broadcast a call for legislation which could "curb the impudence of a dictator such as Lewis. "Senator Elbert Thomas (Democrat, Utah) expressed, however, what was apparently the Administration's view on this matter. "No law, short of withdrawal of the right to strike, could affect the present situation", he said in a broadcast.

President Truman himself withheld comment.

Yamani Elected To Bombay Assembly

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 25, (A. P. I.): Mr. A. M. Yamani has been declared elected uncontested today to the Bombay Legislative Assembly from the Ahmedabad Mohammedan Constituency in place of Mr. I. I. Chundrigar who had resigned.

FRENCH ARTILLERY IN ACTION IN INDO-CHINA

Heavy Fighting In Haiphong: Viet Nam Ignores Ultimatum

PARIS, Nov. 25 (Reuter): Fighting broke out again today between French and Viet Nam (Indo-Chinese Republic) troops in Haiphong and lasted several hours, it was learned in Paris today.

A French News Agency report from Hanoi reported heavy land and air bombardments, but gave no casualty figures.

French troops opened battle with artillery fire at 10 a.m. (local time), the despatch said, when Viet Nam authorities refused to heed to the French ultimatum to withdraw their troops and disarm the local population.

It is unknown whether any official "cease-fire" is being observed, the despatch said, but artillery fire and bombing had stopped. French artillery had been aimed at Viet Nam installations within Haiphong itself while French planes hammered installations at Kien En, a few miles south west of Haiphong.

The report said that French officials had announced that Viet Nam troops had taken over the Chinese district of Haiphong and gathered south and east of the city.

Meanwhile, the Cochin-Chinese town of Langson, the scene of a heavy Viet Nam-French clash on November 21, is reported today to be under complete French control. But the situation is described as "tense".

The official casualty list in November 20 clash and the one next day at Langson totalled 200 Viet Namese and 34 French killed.

Retrenchment Necessary In Central P.W.D.

NEW DELHI Nov. 25 (API): The Central P.W.D. will not be able to maintain the same number of workers, which it has been employing under war-time expansion, is the main finding of Prof. B. P. Odarkar, Member Labour Investigation Committee, in his report on labour conditions in the Central Public Works Department. "Unless some provision is made somewhere for these workers, they are bound to be seriously affected by unemployment in the post-war period." he says.

TORKHAM-KABUL RAIL LINK

PESHAWAR, Nov. 25 (API): The North-West Frontier of India is to be linked with Kabul by railway. A report from Kabul states that the Afghan Government is considering a scheme for a railway which will connect the Torkham outpost on the Indo-Afghan border with Kabul.

VAN MOOK TO BE PROFESSOR IN U.S.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 25 (Reuter): The Dutch newspaper "Het Parool" reported from Batavia today that Dr. Hubertus van Mook, Lieutenant Governor-General of the Dutch East Indies, had been offered a professorship at an American University. The Dutch News Agency A.N.E.P., commenting tonight on the report, said: "It is learned that the Overseas Territories Ministry, replying to a parliamentary query bill, said that Dr. Van Mook had not submitted his resignation."

The Agency added: "Newspapers, however, say it is taken for granted that he will ask to be relieved of his post after the agreement with the Indonesians is concluded."

New Indian Vice-Counsul At Saigon

NEW DELHI, Nov. 25 (API): Major A. M. Mehta has been appointed Indian Vice-Consul at Saigon in Indo-China, where he will be charged with the duty of looking after the interests of Indians, says a Press Note. He is leaving for Saigon immediately.

Major Mehta was formerly attached to the Indian Agency-General in Chungking as a Secretary and later served as Assistant China Relations Officer at Calcutta.

Ghaznafar Ali For Karachi

NEW DELHI, Nov. 25 (O.P.I.): Raja Ghaznafar Ali Khan, Health member of the Government of India is leaving on tour on the evening of 28th Nov. by Frontier Mail. He will proceed straight to Karachi after a day's halt in Lahore. He proposes to stay in Karachi for 8 days and is expected to take part in Sind Election campaign.

Soviet Scientist Splits Atom

MOSCOW, Nov. 25, (A. P. A.): A new method of splitting the atom has been discovered by the Soviet scientist, P. I. Lukirsky, the president of the Academy of science, S. Vavilov, reported in an authoritative article in the "Pravda" today. No details of the discovery were given.

Fresh Reforms In Rajkot

RAJKOT, Nov. 25, (API): In pursuance of his plans to reform the State Government, the Thakore Saheb of Rajkot has made the Judiciary independent of the Executive control. The Chief Judge of the High Court will be solely responsible for this branch of Government. Full legislative and administrative powers are vested in the Executive Council. The Dewan of Rajkot will be in charge of nine portfolios in the Council.

DID ALLIES PROMISE ARMS AID TO GREECE?

Athens War Minister's Statement Causes Surprise In Britain

ATHENS, Nov. 25, (Reuter): The Greek Army will be reinforced and Allies will supply extra equipment and arms for this purpose, M. Philip Dragoumis, the Greek Minister of War, stated today.

M. Dragoumis, who is touring Macedonia, the scene of Greece's guerilla war, added: "An American Brigade I saw in Paris told me 'The United States' borders are at the borders of Greece."

FRONTIER FIGHTING

The A.P.A. adds:— Two hundred guerillas attacked Fustani, on the Yugoslav border, yesterday and were hurled back after a savage counter-attack, Press despatches reported today. The dispatches said that the guerillas suffered heavy losses and that Fustani was now secure.

The Greek Ministry of Public Order announced today that seven women, six men and one child were killed when guerillas sacked the village of Yathi, about 19 miles north of Kilkis, just south of the Bulgarian border, four days ago. The guerillas set fire to 150 houses.

SURPRISE IN BRITAIN

LONDON, (Reuter): Surprise was expressed in official quarters this morning at the statement of M. Dragoumis, Greek War Minister, that the Greek Army is to be reinforced and that allies will supply extra equipment and arms for this purpose.

So far no decision about the supply of extra equipment and arms to make possible the reinforcement of the Greek Army has been taken by Britain, it was authoritatively stated though the British Cabinet has for some time been aware of the Greek Government's wish to acquire extra supplies.

TURKO-GREECE FRIENDSHIP "SO DEEP"

ATHENS: Asked about foreign reports that Turkey and Greece were negotiating for a "treaty of alliance" a Greek Foreign Office spokesman today said: "Our friendship with Turkey is so deep that there is no need for any new treaty."

A.I.C.C. To Set Up Swaraj Constitution Committee

(Continued from Page 1)

who becomes convener in place of Acharya Kripalani, also comes from Bombay.

CONGRESS TO FRAME SWARAJ CONSTITUTION

A. I. C. C. To Undertake Task At Delhi

MEERUT CONGRESS CAMP, Nov. 25 (API).—A proposal to set up a committee of about 25 members of AICC to collect and co-ordinate the various suggestions and ideas on the Swaraj constitution put forward in Congress resolutions and manifestoes from time to time was considered at a meeting of the A.I.C.C. this morning with Acharya Kripalani in the chair.

On Pandit Nehru's suggestion it was agreed that soon after the Constituent Assembly started, the A.I.C.C. should meet at Delhi to set up this new Constitution Committee.

The existing Constitution Committee will continue, and in view of his election as President, Acharya Kripalani withdrew from membership of the Committee and in his place Mr. R. R. Diwakar was appointed Convener and two new members Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram and Mr. S. K. Patil, were added.

CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY

The meeting of the Constituent Assembly which will commence in Delhi on December 9 is likely to continue for 10 to 12 days. This was revealed by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Vice-President of the Interim Government, at to-day's meeting of the A.I.C.C.

NEXT SESSION OF CONGRESS

PYARELAL NAGAR, Nov. 25 (UPI) So far four Provincial Congress Committees, namely, Kerala, Karnatak, Tamilnad and Andhra have invited the next session of the Indian National Congress.

C. S. P. CONFERENCE

Mr. Achyut Patwardhan, General Secretary of the Congress Socialist Party, announces that a conference of the party will be held in the United Provinces at the end of January, 1947. The exact date and venue of the meeting will be decided by the U.P. Congress Socialist Party.

Mrs Sucheta Kripalani is leaving for Naukhali on November 30.

NEHRU AND KRIPALANI INSPECT PARADE

MEERUT CONGRESS CAMP, Nov. 25 (API).—The Congress President Acharya Kripalani and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru inspected a grand parade of I.N.A. men and women Congress volunteers this morning at the flag-stand grounds.

Addressing the parade both the Congress President and Pandit Nehru emphasised the need for unity and discipline and for this task members of the I.N.A. should go into the country-side and work among the masses. They warmly congratulated the volunteers on the able manner in which they discharged their functions.

The I.N.A. band played on the occasions and large crowds watched the parade.

CONGRESS NAGAR FAST EMPTYING

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Dr. Rajendra Prasad have left for Delhi. The Congress President hopes to reach Delhi tonight after spending the day at the Gandhi Ashram, Meerut. Most of the leaders and delegates have already left and the Congress Nagar is fast getting emptied.

KING ABDULLAH HAS EYES ON DAMASCUS THRONE

Dreams Of Sway Over Greater Syria: Foreign Office Deny Claim

CAIRO, Nov. 25, (Reuter): All Egyptian newspapers here to-day gave prominence to a report from Beirut quoting King Abdulah of Transjordan as saying in a private conversation at his capital, Amman (Transjordan), that he had received formal promises of the throne of Greater Syria (union of Transjordan, Syria, the Lebanon and Palestine).

"Greater Syria must be created as soon as possible", he was reported to have said. "No obstacle now prevents my accession to the throne at Damascus I have received formal definite promises on this matter".

The Press also carried reports from Damascus which opposed the idea of Greater Syria and suggested that King Abdullah's alleged statement would cause a rift among the members of the Arab League.

LONDON: No promise has been given to King Abdulla that the whole or any part of Palestine may become part of "Greater Syria" according to a British Foreign Office spokesman in London.

The spokesman was this morning asked to comment on the statement attributed to King Abdullah that he had received formal promises of the Throne of Greater Syria in view of the fact that project is generally understood to include at least some part of Palestine. No assurance of this type it was implied, could have been given except through the British Government as the Mandatory Power.

The Foreign Office spokesman stated categorically that no such assurance had been given to King Abdullah.

Collective Fine In Ahmedabad

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 25, (A. P. I.): A collective fine of Rs. 3,000 has been imposed by the District Magistrate on the offending community residing within 200 yards of the spot in the Shapur area where a stabbing incident took place on Thursday last.

Curfew has been relaxed for Muslims from 8-30 p.m. to 12-30 a.m. in view of the Muharum.

RENEWAL OF MAWA LICENCES

R

The period of validity of the licences issued by the Government of Bombay for the year 1945-46 for the sale of sweetmeats prepared from imported mawa, is due to expire on November 30, 1946. All the sweetmeat licence-holders are informed that they should tender their old licences at the office of the Milk Commissioner, Old Wellington Cinema Building, Opposite Metro Cinema, Dhobi Talao, Bombay, for renewal during the office hours on any of the week days between December 1 and 9, 1946 (both days inclusive). The Old licences should be accompanied with a renewal fee of Rs. 5/- for each such renewal.

D. F. Karaka

Off My Chest

The naturalization of foreigners is not a dead issue from the public's point of view. Mr. D. R. D. Wadia writes to this column to say:

"In your timely "Eye Openers" on Stateless and other Foreigners' mad rush to become British Indian Nationals, you have not touched on the possibility of these newly-naturalized Indians using up the already slender quota allocated to our Nationals by Uncle Sam. Don't you think our Government should also bear this point in mind? Becoming British Indian Subjects is NOT an act of gratitude on the part of 99.9 per cent of these people, who are seeking naturalization here, so if they have to be made British Indian Subjects, surely our own people should have some definite safeguard with regard to U. S. Citizenship?

As was to be expected, the matter of principle touched on by you has been conveniently forgotten and your "eye openers" have been twisted and called personal attacks on "Cocktail-walas" and suchlike, when there is no denying the fact that even in pre-war times, there would have been a terrific howl of protest from these same charming people if any of our countrymen had gone over to their respective countries in like numbers (but minus their arrogance!) and tried to become German, Austrian or Polish nationals. Why in the heck should we be so solicitous to them?

150 years of British rule have made us into door-mats with "Welcome" written on them, and it is time we stopped being mats for anybody in general, and for the Stateless in particular".

Keep up your D.D.T-ing, Mr. Wadia says.

I wouldn't mind a Flit-gun filled with a good, healthy, strong antiseptic to write this column with, but the bare fact is that it is not enough to write a column without adequate and constant backing from those quarters from which such backing should come.

There is not a word said about this business of naturalization and while a whole session of the Assembly has been held, not a single question was asked on this point.

The time has come for a young and strong group of men to step forward and take an interest in affairs political. Politics to-day stink in this country and no young Indian has the heart to put his foot into it.

Just look at the dirty linen they washed in public—the Congress abusing the League and the League abusing the Congress. Sardar Patel had told the press that it should not indulge in any comment which would rouse communal feeling.

I ask the Sardar to read the speeches and statements made during the last week by members (League and Congress) of the Interim Government and ask himself whether they are calculated to incite communal feeling or not.

It is pathetic to see the Indian press accept everything so very meekly.

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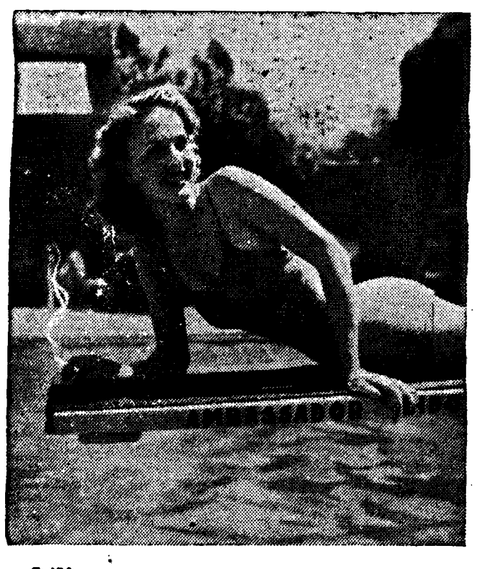

T 134

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Railway Rates & Fares To Go Up?

Cumulative Deficit Of 80 Crores By 1949-50

Asaf Ali Counsels Patience To Employees

NEW DELHI, Nov. 25 (A.P.I.): Mr. J. F. C. Reynolds, General Maneger, South Indian Railway, who presided over the fiftieth session of the Indian Railway Conference Association, which met today, in opening the proceedings welcomed Mr. Asaf Ali, Transport Member. In his presidential address, he said, the time for the tired staff of the railways to lie back and relax was still far ahead in a distant future. The year which had now passed since the conclusion of the war on the capitulation of Japan had been a more difficult period than any of the war years.

FINANCIAL POSITION: INCREASING DEFICIT

Making an estimate of the financial position of the railways in 1949-50, which he considered as the first of the normal post-war years, if the railways were to remain solvent, Mr. Reynolds said: "I have estimated the gross working expenses at Rs. 185 crores and the earnings at Rs. 154.6 crores, leaving a deficit of Rs. 30.4 crores."

A point to be stressed, he said was that it was not merely a matter of a deficit of Rs. 30.4 crores in 1949-50 but a deficit of Rs. 10.4 crores in the current year which would increase to Rs. 30.4 crores in 1949-50. The cumulative deficit being something like Rs. 80 crores.

The estimated deficit for the current year was based on the budget estimates, and while there was no doubt that over the year as a whole revenue would be in excess it was equally clear that ordinary working expenses would also be in excess. It was as yet, however, too early to say how the difference between the two would be affected, it being the sum represented by this difference from which charges such as appropriation to the depreciation reserve fund and interest charges etc., would have to be found.

NEED FOR HIGHER RATES

His estimated deficit for the year of Rs. 10.4 crores might, therefore, be exceeded, but whether it was or not, it was certain that there would be a deficit, and it would seem wise to increase the existing second (future first) and third class fares and institute as well an urgent review of the parcels rate. In the case of the existing second class fares, he suggested an increase with effect from April 1, 1947, so as to increase the average fare by two pies, and in the case of the third class fares an increase in the average fare to four pies. If this were done there would be time to watch results before April 1, 1948 when a further increase, and so on in later years, could be effected if before then it did not seem likely that the gap between revenue and gross working expenses would be closed. It seemed certain enough that some increase in fares would be necessary, and also that all classes of traffic, however essential to the national need they might be, would have to share in the increase if the railways were to remain solvent.

RATIONALISE AND NATIONALISE TRANSPORT

Mr. Asaf Ali, Member for Transport, urged the need for a co-ordinated policy of transport development in India.

"It is my hope that it will be possible for the Central and Provincial Governments and the States to view the development of transportation as a whole and to evolve a co-ordinated scheme of healthy development which may afford the millions of India ever increasing facilities for free movements in maximum comfort. All forms and means of transport should be brought within the same focus and shaped altogether by a uniform policy based on the principle of economic and strategic indivisibility and integrity of the whole country. Like the defence services, the transport services, while operating within their specific spheres should be carefully interlinked and co-ordinated.

"I cannot say today when this consummation will be achieved but to my mind it is of paramount importance to the growth of a progressive society that transport which is one of the key activities and industries should be both rationalised and nationalised in due course."

FARES AND RATES MAY GO UP

Referring to the financial position of the railways, Mr. Asaf Ali said, "the years of war marked the period of boom, but the fact that railway rates did not run parallel to the general rise of inflationary prices naturally meant a heavy strain on the organization and its instruments of production without commensurate returns. And yet both the gross and net earnings of the railways during the years of war reached a peak, the gradual decline from which is bound to look like a steep fall. The inflationary curve is still on the high side and no rate structure can be easily stabilised on fluid and fluctuating values. The investigation which is now proceeding under the Railway Board's supervision is progressing and a preliminary report may be expected before long. The entire problem is highly complex, but even complexity has to yield to certain rules of thumb which the common man empirically applies to the determination of the value of commodities in his every-day dealings. Transport service whether for passengers or goods is a saleable commodity which must be adjusted in the open market according to the prevailing level of prices, but with great circumspection."

"The trends of budget figures make it tolerably clear that if even some of the more important demands which are being pressed upon the railways for various improvements are to be met along with the financial commitments resulting from the Government's decision on the Adjudicator's award in the case of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation and the Pay Commission's recommendations, the railway revenue must bear a heavy burden. It seems, therefore, that there will be no escape from a corresponding increase in fares and rates or perhaps both. Unforeseen factors like the fitful suspension of normal activities due to causes beyond our control apart, even the normal course of events will demand a search for ways and means of increasing our earnings. This will have to be done through prudent economy on the one hand and enhanced rates or fares or both on the other.

HIGH POWER COMMITTEE

The Government have appointed a high power committee to examine the possibilities of effecting prudent economies in all branches of railway administrations and suggesting ways and means of increasing earnings. The Committee will also ascertain the number of staff surplus to requirements and suggest ways of absorbing them. We must not overlook the fact that the country is keyed up for a big stride towards planned industrialisation and it is not unreasonable to hope that 1947-48 will see the first concrete steps in that direction. This should mean increased movements of both internal and external goods though perhaps on a moderate scale at first. In succeeding years such movements are bound to register an upward curve. We must also strive hard to improve and increase our coaching stock to meet the volume of passenger traffic which is now flooding the railway premises without finding accommodation. It is waiting to be picked up by us if only we are ready to do so. When these and other factors are taken into consideration I feel that we need not be influenced by the sombre picture of increasing deficits for some years to come. At the same time we must not be buoyantly optimistic either and steps must be taken in time against the rainy day."

ADVICE TO RAILWAYMEN

Referring to the attitude of railwaymen towards their employees, Mr. Asaf Ali said: "So long as the railways were managed by commercial companies to whom they were an instrument of exploitation, the attitude of railwaymen towards their employers may or may not have been justified if they looked upon them as exploiters. Today every railwayman must consider it a privilege to do an honest job of work in the service of the nation and it must be clearly realised by all that self-discipline more than the discipline imposed by rules and regulations, is a moral and national duty.

NO NEED FOR FURTHER STRIKES

It may be that for some time while complex problems are being studied and examined and their solutions are being considered, conditions of service, particularly for those who are not highly paid, may not be what they should be but all must rest assured that irksome conditions will not be tolerated a moment beyond the day when a comprehensive survey has made it possible for the Government to bring in new conditions of service and better standards of life. Strikes and inefficient discharge of duties inevitably mean the deterioration of revenues besides other consequences to the country's trade and commerce and hardships to vast sections of the population when the movement of essential foodstuffs, fuel and other necessary commodities are either held up or made difficult. Strikes may have been necessary when the employers were not willing to concede the legitimate demands of the employees, but today such protests are only the result of perverse reasoning because there is no occasion for these protests. A Government which is pledged to the amelioration of the conditions of life not merely of their employees but of the masses generally should not be accused of indifference or neglect if it takes time to bring about comprehensive changes after all examination of the complex financial structure which depends on a multiplicity of factors."

ULTRA-MODERN RAILWAYS.

Referring to the increased use of research in transport services, he said "I feel that the time has come when our scientific research organization should be as comprehensive as possible and should embrace a field even wider than the one contemplated by the Railway Board. The establishment of a Central Scientific Research Institute of Railways appears to me "to be an urgent desideratum."

Speaking of improvements which ought to be carried out on all our railway systems, he said, "trains and stations should be fitted up with wireless receiving and transmitting sets to enable the running and the controlling staffs to communicate with one another even while trains are in transit exactly in the same way as airplanes fitted with wireless sets can receive and transmit messages from and to aerodromes and can pick up other messages which may be of value to them. This can go a long way to reduce, if not to eliminate altogether some of the disasters which are due today to the failure of the human or mechanical element. It may also be mentioned in this connection that automatic controls and the use of radar should after due examination be introduced to achieve the end."

Interim Govt.'s New Deal To Travelling Public

Col. R. B. Emerson, Chief Commissioner of Railways, earlier, addressing a meeting of the General Managers of Indian States Railways said that the Interim Government were determined to bring about a "revolution in the attitude of the railway employees to the public. The Interim Government are also determined to do all in their power to expedite the return of more normal conditions of travel comfort, speed and safety, and of the more expeditious transit of goods coupled with an early return to the pre-war standard of loss by damage, pilferage, and or misdespatch".

No More Dilatory Tactics

Nehru Says Congress Shall Forge Ahead

MEERUT, Nov. 24, (A. P. I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru addressed a few words of advice to the delegates from the Indian states after the conclusion of the Congress session. Pandit Nehru said that the age of complaints against the State rulers was over. The Independence of India was closely knit with the emancipation of the Indian States and stage had been set for great constitutional changes. It was for the States people to bear the brunt of any movement started by them but they would not find Congress lacking in rendering legitimate support. Pandit Nehru asked State subjects to explain to him the type of assistance they wanted from the Congress.

Referring to the Negotiating Committee, mention of which was made by a State delegate in the open session of the Congress today, Pandit Nehru said it was nothing more than an agency through which Indian princes would contact the Constituent Assembly to discuss matters relating to States. Pandit Nehru said objectionable things were happening in certain States, possibly engineered by the Political Department. Somebody wanted postponement of the Constituent Assembly and others declared their refusal to participate in it But in spite of these dilatory tactics, Congress proposed to make the best use of the Assembly in the formation of an Indian Republic.

Khan Abdul Samad Khan, the Baluchistan leader, attacked the official of the Political Department who he said, were behind the trouble witnessed during Pandit Nehru's visit to the Frontier. The so-called Jirgas were the mercenaries of the Political Department. He advocated the abolition of this Department and the establishment of direct relations between the States people and the Central Government.

CONGRESS ATTITUDE TOWARDS STATES

MEERUT, (Pyarelal Nagar), Nov. 25 (UPI).—The Congress attitude vis-a-vis the States' People's problems with particular reference to the Constituent Assembly and their struggle was explained by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru addressing an informal meeting of a large number of States' People's workers and those interested in the States' People's problems last night at the Subjects Committee pandal just after the conclusion of the plenary session of the Congress.

Those who participated in the discussions include Mr. Jaiprakash Narain, Mr. Ghulam Bakshi and Mr. Abdul Khan.

Mr. Jaiprakash Narain, while appreciating the services of the Congress towards the States voiced the States workers alleged grievances that the Congress did not adopt any positive policy, and strongly pleaded for greater moral support.

Mr. Ghulam Bakshi gave a lurid picture of the conditions obtaining in different States of India, and said while "the Congress worried about one Pakistan demand in India it was not so much worried about the 516 Pakistan India already in existence."

A demand that provision for joint electorates must be made by the Constituent Assembly drafting the future constitution of India, was made by a number of Bengal delegates led by Dr. Nalinkashya Sanya when they waited in a deputation on Pandit Nehru, Sardar Patel, Dr. Rajendra Prasad and Acharya Kripalani, Congress President, today.

These delegates invited the pointed attention of the High Command to possible reaction in Bengal to the policy laid down in the Congress resolution on communal strife.

The United Press of India learns that the delegates also made an alternative suggestion to the effect that if for any reason joint electorates cannot be provided for, West Bengal with Burdwan and Presidency Divisions including Calcutta should be constituted into a separate province.

In a statement to the Press in this connection Dr. Sanyal, Leader of the Delegation, said: "We made it clear to the members of the Congress High Command that although the partition of Bengal is not generally favoured, this move would open the eyes of Muslim League leaders regarding the inevitable consequence of their Pakistan demand and would also prove a counterblast to the threat of the Bengal Premier to declare Bengal independent of the Central Government in case the Congress proceeds in its work of the Constituent Assembly against the wishes of the Muslim League."

DEVELOPMENT OF KHADI IN HYDERABAD

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Nov. 21, (A.P.I.): A scheme involving an expenditure of Rs. 53 lakhs initially for developing khadi industry in the State to clothe the entire rural population of the dominions with hand-spun and hand-woven khadi within a period of ten years has been prepared by the All-India Spinners' Association, Hyderabad Branch.

The scheme aims at supplying 25 yards of cloth to people below ten years of age, 30 yards to persons between the ages of 10 and 15; 40 yards to those between 15 and 50 and 30 yards to persons above 50 years annually.

The prices worked out will be about five annas per yard in the first year going down by less than half that amount at the end of the ten-year period.

The scheme will run into seven crores of rupees at the close of the ten-year period

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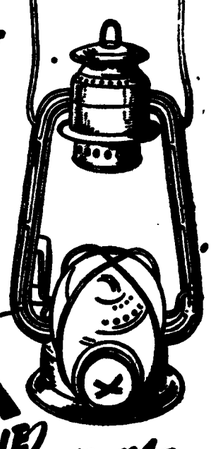

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B.M.I./344

Sharp Drop In Dyeing Shares Unnerve Traders

INCREASED SELLING IN PRODUCE MARKET

Cotton Prices Quietens On Long Liquidation

BOMBAY, Nov. 25.

The Bombay Stock Exchange opened steady to-day but the sharp drop in Bombay Dyeing Shares influenced general selling and all speculative counters were marked down.

The decline of about Rs. 100/- in Bombay Dyeing is mainly due to the manipulated state of this scrip. The market continues narrow and it is impossible to find buyers for Bombay Dyeing shares when they are offered as the market knows that sooner or later all holdings will be pressed for sale. Thus the decline in Dyeing shares had sympathetic effect. The political situation in the country remains uncertain and with usual X'mas Holidays, the market remains narrow.

Tata Steel Dfd. shares opened today at Rs. 2,945/- and declined at Rs. 2,922/- but steadied at Rs. 2,930/- Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 530/- and declined at Rs. 526/-. Bombay Dyeings opened Rs. 40/- down at Rs. 2,860/- and slumped at Rs. 2,770/- but recovered at Rs. 2,800/-. Kohinoor shares opened at Rs. 952/- and eased off at Rs. 935/-.

Thereafter there was renewed selling and Tata Steel Defd. were placed at Rs. 2,910/-. Ordinary Shares were placed at Rs. 520. Indian Irons were quoted at Rs. 49/12. Bombay Dyeings again dropped down at Rs. 2745/- Kohinoors weakened at Rs. 928 and Simplex Shares were quoted at Rs. 440. Bombay Burma Shares were placed at Rs. 705 while Associated Cements were quoted at Rs. 338.

There was persistent selling throughout the Session and the market was weak. Tata Steel Dfds. declined at Rs. 2882 and Bombay Dyeings were quoted at Rs. 2735 showing a loss of Rs. 165. Kohinoors were placed at Rs. 922. Tone of the market was weak at the close.

As a result of day's trading Tata Steels declined Rs. 50. Ordinary Rs. 8/8. Bombay Dyeing Rs. 175. Kohinoor Rs. 24 Swadeshi Rs. 27 Nagpur Rs. 5, Simplex Rs. 17. New Great Rs. 9 Gokak Rs. 4. A. C. C. Rs. 7 and Burma Rs. 20.

COTTON MILLS

Bombay Dyeing 2725 Century 1175 Nagpur 411 Swadeshi 724 New Great 551 Simplex 429 Kohinoor 919 Colaba 498 Gokak 384 Phoenix 1275 Mysore 340 Indian Bleaching 212 Swan 449 Finlay 409 Morarji 860 Indore 770.

STEEL

Tata Steel Deferred (129/8/9) X D 2875 Tata Steel Ord. 517.

ELECTRIC SHARES.

Tata Hydro 214 Andhra Valley 1875.

Tata Power 1980 Tram 122.

CEMENT.

Asso Merger 232

INDUSTRIES

Burma 685 Alcock 662/8 Belapur 365 Shivrajpur 53 Steamer (Ord) 760 Scindia 47/8 Premier Construction 316

CASH SHARES (TEXTILE.)

Apollo 5/4/6 Elphinstone 106 India United (Ord.) 20/11 India United (Defd.) 4/11 India Manufacturing 4900 Koorla 346/4 Khatau 397/8 Dawn 1550 David 197/8 New City 280 Minerva 268/12 Bradbury 645 Bharucha (Defd.) 9/8 Bharat 67 Madhavji 25 Model 291/4 Laxmi 1980 Vishnu 756/4 Western 4800 Standard 710 Sholapur 8200 Sassoon Cotton 32/8 Hindustan 4900 Meyer 300 Edward 745 Tata 119'8 Ahmedabad Advance 535 Sassoon Silk 120/8 New Union 28 Poddar 386/14 Madhusudan 550 Madhusudan B. 110, Srinivas 526. Raja Bahadur 145 Berar 500. Victoria 425

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH).

Ahmedabad 195 (New) 138/12 Surat (Old) 258/12. New Pre. 211/4 Karachi 240, Broach 13, Ajmer 15/4 Amalgamated 20/12, Jaigaon 14/12, Nagpur 58, Poona 260. Bombay Suburban 240. Bombay Suburban (New) 160

BANK SHARES

Reserve 153 Imperial 2840 P. P. 705 Central 129/12 India 254/8 Union 14/12 Baroda 201 Habib 190 International 45 A.B.C. 40 Dena Bank 70 United Commercial 125 Jaipur 82 Bikaner 35/8 Hindustan Com. 63 National Savings (fully paid) 91, (Partly paid) 54/8. Mysore 505. Exchange (Ord.) X R72 Eastern 112 Bombay Provincial 82.

INSURANCE.

Orient 7325. Empire 1250. New India 103 Jupiter 44 Vulcan 20 Indian Mercantile 74. Universal Fire 20/4 Vasant 26/4, British India General 29/12, Industrial Prudential 61/12. Neptune 13/6 New Great 43 All-India General 49.

RAILWAYS.

Ahmedabad Prantij 680, C. P. 108/8 Pachora 95 Mandra Bhon 113

MISCELLANEOUS.

Burma New 251/4 Burma Petrol 5/10/6 Tata Oil X R 101 Mackenzie 197/8 Port Canning 109 Kemp 550 Zandu Pharmacy 202, Indian Radio (Ord) 377/4 Indian Radio B 375 Indian Radio 375, Indian Investment Trust 132 Wimco 505 Tata Chemical 22 Dharamsey Chemical 45, Mukund Iron 15/10 Dena Trust 26 Alembic 397/8 Supreme India 228, (New) 180, Jamwire 141/8, Bombay Uganda 85, Bombay Motor Cycle 43/8, India Cement 42, Walchand Nagar Industries X D 457/8 United Motor 66 A.C.C. New 120 Baroda Glass 10/14.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 255, Tata Steel (2nd Pref) 183 Tram 54/12 Andhra Valley 1685. Tata Power 1807/8, Hydro 153/12 Bombay Steamer 352/8 Nagpur 787/8 Swadeshi 165 Vishnu 805 Laxmi 312/8, New Great 268/12, Poddar 117, Shrinivas 101, Elphinstone 129/8, Bradbury 570, Surat Elec. 211/4, Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 153/12, (2nd Pref.) 150/10. Amalgamated 156/4, Habib 72, Tata Chemical 145/10, Walchand Nagar Industries 250, Jupiter 19/12, Supreme 120, Baroda Glass 11/12.

OUTSIDE SHARES.

Indian Iron Steel 48/12 Bengal Steel 40/4 Indian Copper 4/13/6 B.I.C. 10/14 Burma Corporation 6/12 New Victoria 9/4 New Victoria Preference 10/4 Raja Preference 58 Phalton 155 Gold Mohor 450 New Kaiser Hind 510 Sajjan Mill 415 Osmanshahi 430 Ajamshahi 435 Air Service X R 28 Birla Motor 11/4 Marshall 12.

PRODUCE MARKET

Bombay, Nov. 25

The Produce market was steady with a moderate business. Castorseeds were steady as tejimandi is to be settled to-day. There was increased demand for Linseed which hardened quotations. Groundnuts were steady and quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS—

December January	Rs.	21	6 0
January March		20	13 0
Khandesh Ready		126	0 0
LINSEED—			
Ready		25	14 0
February March		23	14 0
TILSEED—			
Ready		40	0 0
December January		34	0 0
CASTORSEEDS—			
December February Navlakhi		24	0 0
Goa delivery		24	14 0
Bombay delivery		24	6 0
May delivery		110	6 0
GROUNDNUT OIL—			
Bombay Mills		16	8 0
Up-country Mills		16	0 0
January delivery		14	4 0
Linseed Oil		16	8 0
Castor Oil		15	0 0

Tepimandi on Castorseeds May delivery was declared at Rs. 110/5. There after there was increased selling and May delivery was quoted at Rs. 109/10. After the close there was increased selling and Castorseeds May were quoted at Rs. 198/8.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES

MILLS

BOMBAY, Nov. 25.

Apollo 5/4 5/5
Bharat 69/4
B. Dyeing 2860 10 2790 2805 2765 2800 2770 95 80 85 45 25
Bharucha Defd 9/10 9/12 9/8
C. India 418 17 18 17 11
E. Textile 752/8 45
Elphinstone Ord 108 6
Finlay 416 15 17 9 10 7 9
Gokak 392 90 91 87/8 89 83 85 78
I. U Defd. 4/14 4/15 4/11
I. U Ord 21/8 20/15 21 20/11
Indore 777/8 75 80 75 80 81/4 70 72/8 70
Khatau 397/8
Kohinoor 951 54 41 42 37 43 41 44 27 34 30 32 19
Madhusudan 545 50
Meyer 317/8 5 (ex right)
Model 291/4 90 91/4
Morarji 862/8 57/8 60
Mysore 340
New Great Ord 562 66 60 61 51
Podar 390 85 87/8 85 86/14
Simplex 450 39 41 38 40 31 35 26 29
Swadesh 755 58 42 46 42 46 33 41 26 35 24
Swan 453 49
Tata Mills Ord 126/8 19/8 20 19/8

BANKS

Baroda 201/8 2 1 2 200 201
Central 131 30/8 31 29 30 29/8 29/12
Habib 190
Imperial Old 2850 40
Imperial New 707/8 5
Reserve 154 53
Union 15/4 14/12

ELECTRIC COS.

Ahmedabad 195 97/8 95
Andhra Valley Ord 1872/8 75
Tramway Ord 125/8 24 24/8 23 23/8 22/8 23 21/8 22
Tramway Pref 54/8 54/12
Hydro 215 15/8 14 13 14
Tata Power 1980

INSURANCE COS

New India 105/8 6 3
Vulcan 20 20/4

STEAMERS COS.

Scindia 48/7 47/8

STEEL COS.

B. Steel 42/12 41/14 42 41/10 40/4
I. Iron 50/15 50/6 50/8 50/4 50/6 48/14 49 48/12
Tata Defd 2945 37/8 38/12 27/8 30 20 33/12 25 31/4 28/12 32/8 22/8 25 2892/8 2902/8 2892/8 2902/8 2892/8 97/8 90 95 75.
Tata Ord 531 26 27/8 25/8 27/8 20 21/8 20 21 17
Tata 2nd Pref. 185 83

MISCELLANEOUS COS.

A. C. C 240 32
Belapur 368 62 64 59 63/8 60 61 58/8 59 53/8 55
B. B Old 712/8 5 7/8 690 95 85
B. B New 255 50 51/4
B. B. Petrol 5/11 5/11/6 5/11 5/11/3 5/10/6
I. Bleaching 214 12
Pre. Construction 328 29 25 26 14 16
Shivrajpur 52/8 53
Tata Chemical 22/4 22
T. I. Trust 131 32
Tata Oil 105.1
Wimco 505
A. C. C. New 120

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Nov. 25

At a joint meeting of the Bullion Exchange and the Merchants' Committee it was decided to close all outstanding forward business in Silver and Gold. The rates fixed were Rs. 146/8 for Kartak Sud 15th and Rs. 145/8 for Kartak Vad 30th for Silver and Rs. 93/4 for Gold.

The differences are to be paid on next Monday. As for Gold it remains to be seen whether the Chief Bull operator accepts the abovementioned decision. However it is said the Board has power to declare a state of emergency and fix rates.

It will be observed that from want of a standard contract the Bullion Exchange has to pass through crisis and now the Board is likely to introduce a new contract to make deliveries compulsory or accept the settlement rate.

The Bullion market is doing too big a business mostly of speculative character. Over and above this extensive tejimandi operations are done. Thus the market often assumes the form of gambling pure and simple where professional operators become virtual dictators. Under such a state, it becomes the duty of the Government to look into the matter and regulate the trade.

The Government intervention in the Cotton market is mainly responsible for extensive business in Gold and Silver all over the country and unless well designed market is provided, it will be difficult to avoid crisis in future.

To-day Ready Silver business was done at Rs. 149/8 to Rs. 150. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 102/8 to Rs. 103 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 67/8.

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Nov. 25.

The Cotton Market was quiet today with a restricted business.

January delivery opened at Rs. 459/- and under scattered selling declined at Rs. 458/12 and steadied at Rs. 458/14.

Later on there was scattered selling and January was quoted at Rs. 458/8.

The market declined at Rs. 457/8 for January. Closing quotations at 5 p.m. as under:—

I. C. C. January	457	8	0
I C C March	465	0	0
I. C. C. May	472	8	0
I C C July	480	8	0
I C C September	488	0	0

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing
Jan.	459	457-1/2	459
March	466-1/2	465-3/4	466-1/2
May	474	473-1/2	474
July	481-1/2	481	481-1/2
Sept.	487	486-1/2	487

Karachi 4F Jan 49/5/3 49/2/0 49/3/9

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton January Contract is 1277 cent points below New York January at Exchange rate 331.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Nov. 25.

Tata Ordinary 517 Tata Deferred 2875 Indian Iron 48/12 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 40/4 Bombay Dyeing 2725 Central India 411/4 Gokak 378/2 Kohinoor 918/12 Simplex 429 Andhra Valley 1875 Tata Hydro 213/12 Tata Power 1980 Associated Cement 242 Belapur 365 Bombay Burma (Old) 685.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Nov. 25.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Months.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Months.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Months.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th-9th Months.

London Banks Buying 90 d/st. 1/6 5/32 to 4th Months.

London Banks Buying 90 d/st. 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Months.

London Banks Buying 90 d/st. 1/6 7/32 7th-9th Months.

New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 332-1/2.

New York Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 332-1/2.

New York Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 329-3/4.

New York Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 328-3/4 under L/C.

New York Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 328-1/2 not under L/C.

Montreal Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 333.

Montreal Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 329-1/4.

Montreal Banks Buying D. D Rs. 328-1/4.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 3550.

Paris Bank Buying T. T Fcs. 3650.

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. —.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 84

Singapore Bank Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 157-1/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 4.03 3/8-4.03 1/2.

London/Hongkong Cross Rate dol. 1/2 13/16-1/3 3/32.

London/Singapore Cross Rate dol. 2/3 15/16-2/4 5/32.

London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 479.70-480.30.

London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4

London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 17.34-36.

London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50.

London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr 19.32-36.

London/New York Cross Rate dol 4.02 1/2-4.03 1/2.

London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 4.02-4.04.

London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70

London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10-68-70

London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tel. 40

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.

Gold London £8-12-3.

Gold New York dol 35.

Silver London £55-1/2.

Silver New York dol 90-1/8.

London Discts 3 Months 17/32 p.c.

London Discts 6 Months 9/16-5/8 p.c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money:—Call 1/4 p.c, 3 Months 1/2 p.c, 6 Months 3/4 p.c, 12 Months 1 1/4 p.c.

Tone:—Easier.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET REVIEWS

Small Crop Prospect To Lessen Carry-Over

NEW YORK, Nov. 23, (U.P.A.): A United Press review of the New York Cotton Exchange for the week ended today shows that futures seesawed feverishly over a range of dol. 10.00 per bale as traders followed the course of securities while attempting to appraise the effect of the coal strike.

After a moderate advance on Monday, prices dropped back for three days consecutively and then steadied as the decline brought a resurgence of trade buying. At Saturday's close the line ruled 100 lower to 35 higher— dol. 5.00 per bale lower to dol. 1.75 per bale higher—than during the previous week.

The late recoveries followed the receipt of news of broadening mill demand for spot cotton plus the feeling that selling on the coal strike news had been overdone plus the renewed emphasis placed on the statistical position following the unexpectedly high rate of consumption during October. Nearbys lagged on rallies, however, reflecting persistent liquidation in December delivery before the first delivery notice day on Monday. Hedge pressure, despite recent talks of a producer holding movement and proposals to tighten up credit and margin regulations for futures trading, also acted to brake the rallies, traders said. Spot interests reported increased mill demand for actual cotton with buying covering a wide range of grades and staples Low grades were in good demand at sharp advances. In some cases, processors were more inclined to cover supplies for late spring and summer months, while some buying during later sessions was based on the belief that if the present rate of consumption is maintained and in view of the small crop prospect, the carry-over next August might fall below 3,000,000 bales. This would lesson half the amount carried over from the last season and would represent the lowest stock in 17 years.

STOCKS OF AMERICAN COTTON REDUCED TO 1939 FIGURES

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24, (UPA). The Agricultural Department Foreign Crops report today said that it estimated the 1946 world cotton stocks will be approximately equal to those of 1939 (29 million bales) and the figures disclose a sharp decline in world stocks since 1937 when a record of 38.6 million bales raised the stocks to a level which has been maintained since.

The report added that with consumption at current rates and the small current crop, the figure will be substantially reduced due to an increase in world consumption of approximately 2,200,000 bales in the past year as well as a decline in the production of 3,800,000 bales.

The Report said that the decline in stocks was most noticeable in the United States, although all producers except China reported declines. The heaviest accumulations of stocks during the year were in France, China Italy and Switzerland.

China's Bullion Markets Being Revived

LONDON, Nov. 24, (UPA). China's pre-war gold bar and "Double Eagle" highly speculative bullion markets are being revived, according to reports from Shanghai and Hongkong received today.

The reports indicated that Chinese business generally is switching from silver to gold as the principal measure of market values.

Latest reports said that Chinese banks were purchasing sizable amounts of American gold at inflated prices—some as much as U.S. dol. 4.00 per fine ounce higher than the pegged Treasury price of dol 35.00 per fine ounce.

Reports further indicated that Chinese bullion merchants were resorting to the practice of cutting gold bars, which usually ran between 30 and 35 kilograms, into smaller units which are being rapidly absorbed in China's hinterland.

Hong Kong is reported to be increasing its demands in substantial quantities for all kinds of gold. One report said that Chinese authorities were contemplating restrictions on imports of Mexican 50-peso gold pieces which were assuming the character of a major commodity.

The prevailing inflated gold prices had prompted American merchants in China to investigate the possibility of resuming the pre-war importation of gold bars to China.

Britain To Create Raw Cotton Commission

Govt. To Be Permanently In Cotton Business Having Virtual Monopoly: Text Of Bill Published

LONDON, Nov. 24, (APA). The British Government disclosed today plans to create a Raw Cotton Commission to continue the war-born system of centralized cotton purchases. The Commission will put the Government permanently in the cotton business and succeed the Board of Trade as sole buyer, importer and distributor of raw cotton to consumers.

The Liverpool cotton market, one of the world's largest, was closed during the war and the Board of Trade assumed its functions. Since then the Government refused to permit it to resume business.

Details of the plan to establish the Commission including financial arrangements, are contained in a bill published today. The measure is expected to get early parliamentary approval.

Operating under the Board of Trade, the Commission amounting to a Government monopoly will take over cotton stocks and contracts for purchase and sale held by the Board. The date of transfer probably will be set after passage of the legislation.

The value of the assets transferred will depend on world cotton prices at that time. At the present prices, the Board of Trade estimates Government cotton holdings will amount to 90,000,000 pounds next April 1.

Financial arrangements of the Cotton Bill provide that the assets transferred to the Commission will be regarded as an initial advance from the Board of Trade, on which interest will be paid at a Treasury-approved rate. Further financial requirements, subject to specified restrictions will be met by additional advances from the Board.

AMERICANS SWITCH ON TO OIL

Soft-Coal Miners Strike Causes Heavy Reduction In Train Services

NEW YORK, Nov. 22, (Reuter): In an order designed to counteract effects of the strike of 400,000 soft-coal miners, the United States Navy tonight instructed all district commandants to lend spare navy generators to communities where it was necessary to maintain essential public services and to sell excess navy coal and power where it was essential to safeguard health or property of the local community.

New York central railroad announced tonight that 165 passenger trains would cease running on Monday. Other lines are preparing a heavy reduction in passenger schedules.

President Truman on holiday in Florida maintained silence on the coal dispute.

Industrialists with an eye on the future are considering such possibilities as a switch to oil, natural gas or electricity although the steel industry would still have to depend on coal.

Governor Edward Martin of the great coal-producing state of Pennsylvania declared "People will naturally start to use other types of oil, and if they go to the expense of converting they may be very slow in returning to coal. If a large number of industrialists shifted over to oil, gas or electricity, it might permanently lose thousands of miners their jobs."

"The owner of two New York hotels has installed oil heating, a Philadelphia electric company has changed over two works from coal to oil and a Chicago real estate firm declared that most of the large block flats would convert to oil as soon as they could get equipment from Texas.

British officials in Washington said that the strike would have direct effect on shipping in for instance, the Mediterranean where the United States has been responsible for supplying some 70,000 tons of coal monthly and South-East Asia where British interests have been receiving up to 10,000 tons months both for shipping and ordinary commercial purposes.

Meanwhile the militant miners leader John L. Lewis accepted the Government's challenge by going to Washington to be served with a contempt of court citation. This directed him to appeal in the Federal Court on Monday and tell why he did not honour the order recalling his termination of the contract—action which set on the stoppage.

SHAKESPEARE FIRST EDITION FOR Rs. 71,500

NEWYORK, (Reuter.)

An unidentified buyer paid dol. 22,000 (about Rs. 71,500) for a first folio at the Parke-Bernet Galleries.

He also bought copies of the second third and fourth folios. His total outlay was dol. 28,400 (about Rs. 92,300)

Loved Dog More Than His Wife: Divorced

HOLLYWOOD, (Reuter.)

Frank T. Weatherwax, owner-trainer of "Lassie", the famous collie of "Lassie Come Home" was divorced by his wife because she claimed he had more affection for his animals than for her!

Mrs. Weatherwax alleged that the trainer allowed more liberties to his dogs than to his children!

McCool Bags Six Wickets

M.C.C. 90 Runs Behind First Venture

QUEENSLAND (1st Innings	400
M.C.C. (1st Innings)	310
QUEENSLAND (2nd Innings) for 5 Wkts.	133

BRISBANE, Nov. 25 (Reuter): The M.C.C. batting broke down before lunch here today, the third day of the four-day match with Queensland, when the State bowlers dismissed Compton, Ikin, Hammond and Yardley for the addition of 75 runs to Saturday's score of 150 for 3 but after interval Bill Edrich staked the claim for a Test place by scoring 64 not out, thereby materially helping the tourists to attain a total of 310. Edrich was given valuable support first by Smith and then by Bedser, who figured in the stands of 45 and 41 respectively. The M.C.C. were thus 90 runs behind on the first innings.

M.C.C. (First Innings)

Hutton, c Tallon, b McCool ..	42
Washbrook, st. Tallon, b McCool	40
Gibb, st. Tallon, b McCool ..	16
Compton, b Johnston	55
Ikin, c and b Johnston	37
Hammond, st. Tallon, b McCool ..	8
Edrich (not out)	64
Yardley, c and b McCool	14
Smith, b Johnston	15
Bedser, c Young, b McCool	13
Wright, b Johnston	0
Extras	6
Total	310

Fall of wickets: 1 for 65; 2 for 97; 3 for 116; 4 for 184; 5 for 199; 6 for 199; 7 for 221; 8 for 266; 9 for 307; 10 for 310.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Ellis	16	0	60	0
Johnston	26½	1	82	4
McMahon	6	0	9	0
Cook	4	0	19	0
McCool	35	4	105	6
Young	6	0	25	0
MacKay	1	0	13	0

QUEENSLAND 133 FOR 5

At the close of today's play Queensland had made 133 for the loss of five wickets in their second venture against the M.C.C. tourists.

QUEENSLAND (Second Innings)	
Rogers b Smith	29
Cook b Smith	11
Morris b Wright	30
Tallon lbw Smith	35
McCool b Wright	0
Mackay (not out)	5
Johnson (not out)	17
Extras	6

Total 133 for five (at close of today's play).

FALL OF WICKETS: 1 for 36; 2 for 53: 3 for 97: 4 for 107; 5 for 111.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:—

Bedser 6/1/19/0, Edrich 4/1/24/0 Smith 12/0/58/3, Wright 8/3/26/2, Byes two; leg-byes three and one no ball.

Labour Rebels' Demand

Govt. Should Stand By Election Justify Promises, They Insist

LONDON, Nov. 25 (UPI): Labour M.P.s who criticised Mr. Bevin's foreign policy early this week are demanding the cessation of Anglo-American talks on the ground that such talks in themselves are a threat to peace.

Mr. R. H. S. Crossman said that rebels did not wish to change Government but wanted it to carry out a policy under which it was elected.

"What foreign policy can we have independent of America if our arms are being made in American factories?

"If we conscript our men for eighteen months and Americans not at all, it means this country supplies soldiers while America is the "arsenal."

The speaker wanted Britain to steer a middle course and prevent a drift towards two world blocks which could only lead to war.

HOLDING OF PUBLIC MEETING IN HYDERABAD

New Set Of Rules Issued

HYDERABAD (Dn), Nov. 22. (APD) The existing rules covering the holding of public meetings have been replaced by the following new set of rules which come into force from November 25 in pursuance of the Government's policy to "afford all possible facilities to the people of the state for free expression of opinion," it is officially announced.

Public meetings of any nature can be held merely by giving previous intimation within the prescribed period to the Police Commissioner, City of Hyderabad and Collectors in the districts. Previous permission may be required only for the holding of political meetings convened or addressed or presided over by persons who are not subjects of H. E. H. the Nizam.

Previous permission would not be required in the case of meetings held in connection with the elections or by-elections to the state legislature or local bodies. The Police Commissioner, City of Hyderabad and Collectors of the districts will have power, after recording reasons, to prohibit meetings which are likely to cause breach of peace bring hatred, contempt or excite disaffection towards His Majesty or Crown representative, H. E. H. the Nizam and his Government, ruler of any Indian State or the "Government established by law" in British India.

The rules will be inapplicable to the public meeting held under the statutory or other express legal authority or public meetings convened under the authority of the officer of the Government or gatherings pertaining to weddings and funerals are exempted from the rules by the order of the Government.

The communique says that the condition relating to previous intimation of meetings has to be retained in the interests of law and order. In announcing the new rules, Government desire to impress upon the conveners of public meetings "their primary responsibility for holding them in peaceful atmosphere and in manner unlikely to endanger public peace or promote enmity between different sections of the people.

DISPOSALS

The Directorate General of Disposals, C. P. & M. Directorate, New Delhi, invites sealed tenders for the purchase and removal of the following stores:

3 TYRE REPAIR/RETREADING PLANTS

These are lying at Delhi, Madras and Calcutta.

Intending purchasers should quote as follows:—

a) For the plant to be installed in India.

b) For the plant to be exported.

SUPERSCRIBED REFERENCE

(1) DGD/SR-41604/CPM-IV for the Delhi Plant.

(2) DGD/SR-41605/CPM-IV for the Madras Plant.

(3) DGD/SR-41606/CPM-IV for the Calcutta Plant.

LATE DATE DUE. 16th December, 1946.

OFFERS should be sent to the Directorate General of Disposals, C. P. &M., Directorate, New Delhi and should remain open for acceptance for a period of one month thereafter.

EARNEST MONEY: Amounting to Rs. 25,000/- must be deposited separately for each tender Nos. (1) & (2), and Rs. 30,000/- for tender No. (3), in the Imperial/Reserve Bank/Government Treasury in favour of the Directorate General of Disposals, New Delhi. Cheques and postal orders will not be accepted as earnest money or tender forms fee. Separate Deposit receipts must accompany the tenders.

Tender forms giving full details of machinery together with permits to view the plants at site can be obtained from the Cashier, Directorate General of Disposals, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, The Regional Commissioners Disposals, Calcutta, Bombay, Cawnpore and Lahore, and the Deputy Regional Commissioner Disposals, Karachi and Madras on payment of Rs. 5/- in cash or Money Order for each tender (not refundable).

Sales will be subject to conditions of contract laid down in Con/117.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER DISPOSALS

(SOUTHERN CIRCLE)

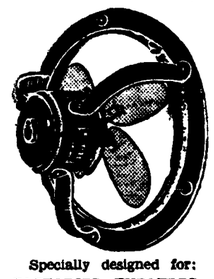
Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay

Tel: 30041 (5 lines)

DS/152

EXHAUST FANS

Foul Air Extractor



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WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE—

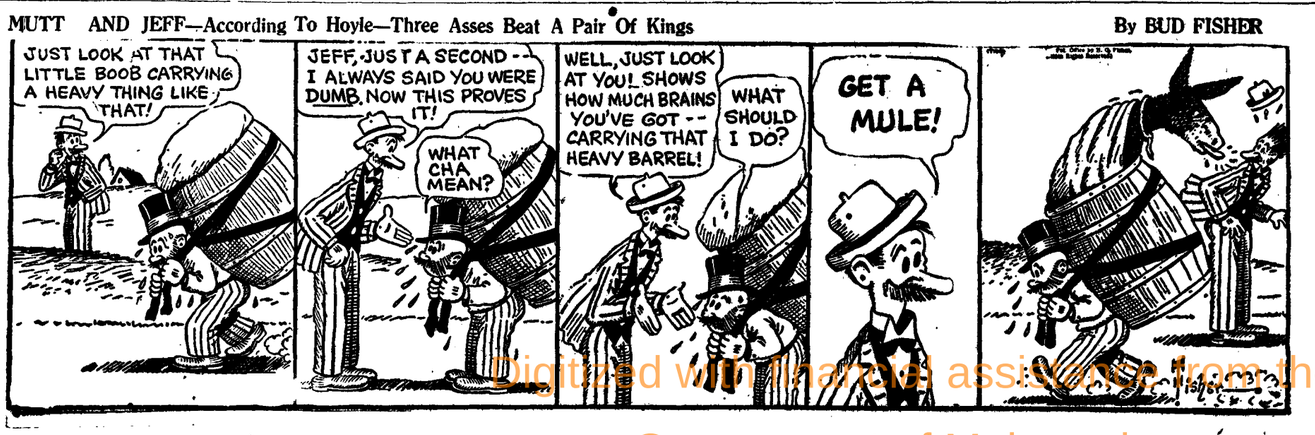
Without Calomel—And You'll Jump Out of Bed in the Morning Rarin' to Go

The liver should pour 2 pints of bile juice into your bowels every day. If this bile is not flowing freely, your food may not digest. It may just decay in the bowels. Then gas bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. You feel sour, sunk and the world looks punk.

It takes those good, old Carter's Little Liver Pills to get these 2 pints of bile flowing freely to make you feel "up and up." Get a package today. Take as directed. Effective in making the bile flow freely. Ask for CARTER'S Little Liver Pills.

MUTT AND JEFF—According To Hoyle—Three Asses Beat A Pair Of Kings

By BUD FISHER


JUST LOOK AT THAT LITTLE BOOB CARRYING A HEAVY THING LIKE THAT!
JEFF, JUST A SECOND -- I ALWAYS SAID YOU WERE DUMB. NOW THIS PROVES IT!
WHAT CHA MEAN?
WELL, JUST LOOK AT YOU! SHOWS HOW MUCH BRAINS YOU'VE GOT -- CARRYING THAT HEAVY BARREL!
WHAT SHOULD I DO?
GET A MULE!

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.

MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a suitable match, Bachelor or Widower, for a Punjabi Hindu aged 37 years, having good health, who has lost his wife recently, having one son aged 9 years, in permanent Government service, holding gazetted appointment drawing Rs. 450 p.m. Girl must have religious views, Correspondence to be kept confidential. No Caste restrictions. Correspondence strictly by Registered Post. No. 4048, "Bombay Chronicle."

Bachelor L.M.P. Doctor Brahmin 31 invites Matrimonial. Correspondence, C/o. Dr. Bhavalker, 773, Sadashiv, Poona. 4051

SITUATIONS VACANT

Sales Representative — Vacancy exists in large industrial concern for experienced Salesman conversant with the entire electrical line. Applications with salary requirement awaited under Box No. 764, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Immediately Graduate or Undergraduate Teachers of either sex. Trained or qualified preferred. Apply personally to Principal, Matunga Premier School, Matunga G.I.P. (4044)

Wanted Sub-Assistant Surgeons willing join Karachi Health Department immediately. Consolidated salary 175/200. Apply Daboo, Ismail Building, 381, Hornby Road, Bombay. (4041)

Wanted a Manager for a big Textile Mill in Central India. Applications from persons with high qualifications and experience of management and labour will only be considered. Selected candidates will have to come for interview at their own cost. Please apply with testimonials stating age, minimum salary expected to Box No. 763, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a qualified Textile Engineer, possessing thorough experience of designing, layout and erection of Textile Mills. Candidates must apply giving full particulars copies of testimonials and stating minimum salary acceptable to Box No. 4047, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted either sex to secure orders for our Products (Novelties, Toys, etc.). Rs. 500/- can easily be earned monthly without investment of risk. Ask for our terms and samples. Jai Hind Sales Corp. Harsauli, Alwar. 4050

Wanted a Confectionery Expert by a reputed Industrial Concern to take complete charge of the manufacture of Confectionery, Golden Syrup and Sugar Cubes, etc. at their Works. Should have experience of the lay-out of Confectionery plants. Attractive terms offered to a really competent hand. Apply Box No. 756, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Experienced Showroom Salesman for a limited Stores. Security required. Apply Manager, Post Box 3619, Bombay 4. (4053)

If you want any kind of employment in India or Abroad apply for 'Terms' (stating qualifications and desires) to Roberts & Co., Employment Agents, Chuni Mandi, Lahore. 4049

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS.

Learn Dentistry with less expenditure. Apply Shree Digvijaysinghji Dental Training Institute, Jamnagar. (3774)

Successful Applications for situations vacant—How to write them. annas eight for Booklet, Postage extra. G.P.O. Box 1348, Bombay. (4008)

MEDICAL ADLETS.

Chitrakot—Asthma—Buty. A very powerful and world renowned remedy, which cures asthma completely by one dose to be taken on 8-12-46 (full moon). Apply at once in English:—Shree Mahatma Monibaba, Ayurvedic Ashram, Chitrakot, Dist. Banda, U.P. 4018

New Swastik Pain Balm. A Home Doctor. For all kinds of external pains. Keep a bottle always with you. Wanted Agents for Poona, Madras, Coimbatore and Malabar. Apply to Box No. 4054, "Bombay Chronicle."

AGENTS WANTED

London Export Merchants, metals, hardware, chemicals, machinery, mirrors and allied lines, require well established Bombay agents of highest standing. Apply stating previous experience, bank and trade references in first instance to Box No. 656, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Agents or Wholesale Dealers. The Krishna Button Mfg. Co., Dacca (Bengal). 3961

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Emergency Loans of small denomination are immediately given. Apply personally: General, Guarantee & Credit Indemnity Co., Ltd. Megji Bhuwan, Barrack Road. (Behind Metro), Bombay—1. (3974)

A Young man with flying experience wants financial help to enable him to obtain his commercial Pilots Licences. Could any one help him. Write to Box No. 4046, "Bombay Chronicle."

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Wanted to lease one up-to-date Foundry with large output. Apply Post Box No. 554, Bombay. (3989A)

SHIPS FOR SALE

Cargo Vessels - Trawlers - Serviceable. For Quick Sale. Also Scrap Steamers for breaking up. H. Sassen, Commissariat Bldgs., 231, Hornby Rd., Bombay. (4020)

PUBLIC NOTICES

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY

METRE GAUGE AIR CONDITIONED COACHES

WITH EFFECT from MONDAY, December 2nd, 1946, the Metre Gauge air-conditioned coach running between Ahmedabad and Delhi on the Sind Delhi Mail will run twice weekly only in each direction as follows:—

Ahmedabad Depart
Mondays and Thursdays.
Delhi Depart
Tuesdays and Fridays.

An air-conditioned coach will not run from Ahmedabad on Sunday December 1st.

(746)

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE

NAVIGATION WATCHES

Of various makes, Hack Waltham, Bulova, Longines, etc. Needs slight repair; prices very attractive

Also

LABORATORY APPARATUS

Beakers, Funnels, Cylinders, Thermometers, Balances and Weights, Measuring Jars, etc. For further details apply to Sales Department, Tata Aircraft Ltd., Titaghur.

TA176 630

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following posts in the Rural Broadcasting Section of the Directorate of Publicity Bombay:

TECHNICAL ASSISTANTS:—Pay: Rs. 170-10-250 plus allowances.
QUALIFICATIONS: Degree in Electrical Engineering or Physics with practical experience in Radio Engineering for at least one year.

Full particulars and application forms may be obtained from the Director of Publicity (Rural Broadcasting), Eros Theatre Building, 42 Queen's Road, Bombay. Candidates who have applied before need not apply again.

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BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT
NOTICE

1. Tenders for the supply of drugs, medicines, medical appliances, surgical dressings, etc., to Municipal Hospitals and Dispensaries (excluding K.E.M. Hospital) in charge of the Health Department and to other Departments for one year from 1-3-1947 will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay on 11-12-1946, not later than 1 p.m. (B.T.)

2. Forms of tender, specifications, etc., and other information will be supplied to those applying for the same by the undersigned on payment of Rs. 5|- per set of tender forms.

3. The attention of the tenderers is invited to special directions accompanying the tender. A copy of the general directions is kept in the office of the Executive Health Officer for the inspection of the intending tenderers.

4. The amount of the tender deposit required to be paid along with the tender is for Schedule A —Rs. 1,000|-, for Schedules B, C and D—Rs. 500|- each, and for the four Schedules taken together—Rs. 2,000|-.

B. C. DASGUPTA,
Executive Health Officer,
Bombay Municipality.

Public Health Department,
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 22-11-46.

(753)

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

From January 1947 "The Indian Journalist" will be published as a monthly digest of the India Press and News-Review, in addition to all the usual features on Press, Publicity and Film. Published on 1st of every month. Size: Demy. Quarto: 64, pages: Price: Single copy Re 1|-. Annual Subscription Rs. 10|- Wanted Agents in all unrepresented centres, throughout India. For particulars please write to: Manager: The Indian Journalist: 6, Sunkuramachetty Street, Madras 1. (762)

BUSINESS FOR SALE

For Sale: Modern Foundry Machine Shop, Pattern shop, Fit Furnaces, etc. Apply for particulars to Post No. 554, Bombay. (3989)

FINANCE AND PARTNERSHIP

Wanted: A Foundry Expert, capable of investing and joining in partnership in an up-to-date Foundry with large output—Apply Box No. 554, Bombay. (3989)

MACHINERIES WANTED.

Wanted immediately Calender (Cloth Glazing Machine) new or used. state price, particulars. Box No. 3943, "Bombay Chronicle."

MACHINERIES FOR SALE

Krupp Type Expeller Pressing Worms manufactured under expert supervision working capacity over a month. Apply for terms of agency to Post Box No. 554, Bombay 1. (675

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Beautiful and durable Turkish Towels in different sizes and colours are available at moderate Prices Satisfy with The Asia Textiles, Bhiwndi. 4027

PUBLIC NOTICES.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY

TENDER FOR BOOKSTALL RIGHTS ON RAILWAY STATION PREMISES.

TENDERS ARE INVITED from experienced and competent parties for the acquisition of sole and exclusive rights to erect Bookstalls on E. I. Railway premises and to sell therefrom to the travelling public newspapers, books and periodicals under the control of the Railway Administration and also right to sell the usual travellers' requisites.

The period of the contract will be for a term of five years from 1st April, 1947 and the basis upon which tenders should be submitted will be a lump sum payment annually in advance subject to the terms and conditions of an agreement, a copy of which may be had on application to the Chief Commercial Manager, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on payment of a sum of Rs. 2 which is not refundable (postage stamps will not be accepted in payment). Tenderers may submit quotations for the contract in their own form but in doing so must furnish the following information:—

(i) Name and address of Firm or Company and when established.
(ii) Full names of partners or Directors.
(iii) Nature of trade or business.
(iv) Name and address of office(s) or agency(ies) Overseas.
(v) What experience, if any, of multiple bookstall business.
(vi) Bank or other references as to financial standing

A deposit of Rs. 1,000 in G. C. Notes only (cheques will not be accepted) must be made as an Earnest Money in respect of each tender which is refundable in the event of the tender not being accepted. The deposit must be sent direct to the Treasurer, E. I. Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, accompanied by intimation that it is in respect of the tender "For Bookstall Rights." The deposit receipt granted by the Treasurer must accompany the tender to be submitted.

The deposit shall not carry any interest.

Tenders, which must be enclosed in a sealed envelop superscribed "Tender for Bookstall Rights" should be addressed to the General Manager, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, and must reach him not later than 12 o'clock noon (Bengal Time) on the 2nd January, 1947 Tenders will be opened in the office of the Chief Commercial Manager at 11 o'clock (Bengal Time) on 3rd January, 1947, in the presence of those tenderers who desire to be present.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders without assigning any reason whatsoever.

GENERAL MANAGER.

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NOTICE

WELDING ELECTRODES—Parties interested in local manufacture looking for technical assistance from concern with worldwide experience. Please write to Box No. 760, "Bombay Chronicle."

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA OVERSEAS SCHOLARSHIPS 1947-48.

Applications are invited for scholarships to be awarded by the Government of India in 1947-48 for advanced studies overseas. Full details regarding the scheme and application forms, ON WHICH ALONE APPLICATIONS WILL BE ACCEPTED, are contained in the brochure entitled "Information for Students desiring to proceed Overseas for Advanced Studies in 1947-48". Copies of this brochure, which also contains information for students who wish to go abroad at their own expense, can be obtained from the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi or any Provincial Book Depot or other Authorised Agent of the Government of India Publications AFTER NOVEMBER 30TH, 1946 on pre-payment of annas three per copy EITHER IN CASH OR IN STAMPS. Requests for copies addressed to the Department of Education WILL NOT BE ATTENDED TO.

Applications on the proper forms and in accordance with the instructions contained in the brochure must reach the Secretary, Selection Board, Overseas Scholarships, C/o Department of Education, Government of India, New Delhi NOT LATER THAN DECEMBER 31ST 1946. APPLICATIONS RECEIVED AFTER THAT DATE WILL NOT BE CONSIDERED.

734

NOTICE

IT WAS ADVERTISED that cars and lorries of the State Garage, consisting of Buicks 1935 and 1931 Models, Chevrolet 1934 Models, Ford Station Wagons and Trucks, Opel Sedan and Bedford will be auctioned at the State Garage, Banswara, on Sunday, the 1st of December, 1946, at 12 noon.

In view of Moharrum holidays the auction will now take place on Sunday, the 15th of December, instead of Sunday, the 1st of December, 1946, as previously notified

OFFICER KARKHANAJAT,
BANSWARA STATE,
(Southern Rajputana).

20th November, 1946 767

G.I.P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, G.I.P. Railway, invites Tenders for the supply of Miscellaneous Stores such as Bones, Cuttlefish, Bricks bath, Cloth sponges, Sponges, Glue Commercial, Napthaline in balls, Paper toilet, Wax Bees, Whistles and Sheets "Etermite" Granite required for the period 1st February, 1947, to 31st January, 1948. Tender Forms obtainable from the Controller of Stores, G.I.P. Railway, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2|- per copy, not refundable Money Order or Cash only Closing date Monday the 6th January 1947 at 3 P.M. (S.T.)

(750)

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GAYA SUGAR MILLS LTD.

TENDERS ARE INVITED from Contractors of solid means for:—

1. Building several Factories, Workshops, Power House, Staff and Labour Quarters;
2. Supply of about two Crores of Bricks, at WARISALIGANJ, E.I.R., (Dist. Gaya), Bihar.

Parties with imported labour would be preferred.

Tender Forms may be obtained from this Office and submitted immediately. Apply to Gaya Sugar Mills, Ltd., Post Box No. 84, Gaya.

759

NOTICE

It is notified for the information of all concerned that I have applied for naturalization as a British subject under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, and that my application is at present under consideration of the Government of India. Any person who has any objection to such naturalization may send his representation to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, New Delhi.

Name: RICHARD GOTTFRIED.

Present Nationality: AUSTRIAN.

Full Address: Horizon View, Backbay Reclamation, Bombay.

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PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from candidates of all communities to fill a temporary post of Technical Adviser, Audit and Accounts Section in the Office of the Controller of Rationing, Calcutta Industrial Area. The post is reserved for a Muslim. But in the event of a suitable Muslim candidate being not available, the recruitment will be open to members of all communities. Applications are, therefore, invited from members of all communities. The appointment is terminable at three months' notice on either side. Pay:—Rs. 2,000/- a month plus a Motor Car allowance of Rs. 80 per month. No other allowances of any kind will be given. In case a Government servant in permanent employ is appointed to the post, he will receive his substantive pay plus a special pay of Rs. 300 per month, subject to an overall limit Rs. 2,000/-. In case a retired Government servant is appointed, he will get a pay of Rs. 2,000/- less his pension. Qualifications:—(i) he must be a British subject, or be the subject of a State in India in respect of whom a declaration has been made under section 262 (2) of the Government of India Act, 1935; (ii) he must have good general education, and either be a Chartered or an Incorporated Accountant of at least 8 years' experience; (iii) he must have experience of accounts and audit work in a large commercial concern or a Government Department of commercial character; (iv) he should also have some experience of controlling a large staff. The selected candidate, unless he is in permanent Government service, will be required to submit a medical certificate of fitness from a Civil Surgeon or a Commissioned Medical Officer. Candidates should furnish the following information in their applications:—(1) Name in full (in block letters), (2) Home address, (3) Present address, (4) Present age according to Matriculation certificate, (5) Father's name, (6) Academic qualifications, (7) Experience, (8) Religion and caste. APPLICATIONS FOR WHICH NO FORM HAS BEEN PRESCRIBED, together with an attested copy of evidence of age as well as certificates from two responsible persons not related to the candidate or connected with him by marriage, testifying to his private character, should reach the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bengal, Anderson House, Alipore, Calcutta, not later than the 7th December, 1946. Canvassing will disqualify. A treasury receipt for Rs. 5 under the head "XXXVI-Miscellaneous" must accompany every application. Applications from candidates who are in permanent or temporary employment under any Government in India will be rejected unless they are submitted through the appointing authority of their post or service.

P. B. RUDRA,
Secretary,
Public Service Commission,
Bengal.

Alipore, the 19th Nov., 1946.

765

THE ALUMINIUM CORPORATION OF INDIA LTD.

NOTICE

REQUESTS have been received for the postponement of the date from which the Share Transfer Registers of the Corporation will be CLOSED as announced in the notices issued on 31st October, 1946 and 13th November, 1946 and also in the notice attached to the Balance Sheet to be presented at the Eighth Ordinary General Meeting to be held on 4th December, 1946. The Directors have been pleased to alter the notices as follows:—

1 There will be no closure of the Share Transfer Registers.
2 Any dividend that may be declared will be payable to those shareholders whose names are in the Corporation's Registers on the 3rd December, 1946.

By order of the Board,
For J K LIMITED
PADAMPAT,
Director,
Managing Agents.

21st November, 1946. 758

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE BARODA CRYSTAL GLASS WORKS, LTD., BARODA.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual General Meeting of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office, Raopura Road, Baroda, at 10 A.M. (S. T.) on 22nd December, 1946 for the transaction of the ordinary business.

And Notice is hereby further given that Extraordinary General Meeting of the above Company will be held at the same at 11 A.M. (S.T.) on 22nd December, 1946 for the purpose of considering and if thought fit passing the resolutions as special resolutions as per circular letter sent to the shareholders.

By order of the
Board of Directors,
GOR & CO., LTD.,
Managing Agents.

Baroda, Dated 22nd November, 1946.

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NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Certificate for Five Ordinary Shares Nos. 232711/232715 of Tata Chemicals, Ltd., standing in the name of Shiavux Pestonji Sethna has been LOST or MISLAID and the undersigned has applied to the Company to issue a duplicate Certificate for the said shares. Any person having a claim in respect of the said shares should lodge such claim with the Company at its Registered Office, Bombay House, 24, Bruce, Street, Fort, Bombay, within one month from this date, else the Company will proceed to issue the duplicate Share Certificate.

Dated the 22nd day of November, 1946.

SHIAVUX P. SETHNA.

4007

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION.
Petition No. 519 of 1946.

Petition for Succession Certificate in respect of certain securities belonging to Bai DHARMISHTA, wife of Haridas (alias Bachubhai) V. GHASWALLA, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant lately residing at Borivali in Bombay Suburb. .. Deceased.

HARIDAS (alias Bachubhai) VITHALDAS GHASWALLA, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Borivali, Ganjavala's Bungalow in Bombay Suburb .. .. Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Succession Certificate to the Petitioner.

Sd|-. A. KIRTIKAR,
Prothonotary &
Senior Master.

The 18th day of November, 1946.
Messrs. MERWANJI KOLA & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

(766)

AUCTION SALES

IMPORTANT TO INVESTORS IN IMMOVABLE PROPERTY YIELDING HIGH RENT IN ATTRACTIVE RESIDENTIAL LOCALITY:

AUCTION SALE of very valuable property known as "Adi Mansions" at Gowalia Tank Road, out of Fort, Bombay; by order of the Bank of India.

On Wednesday, the 11th December, 1946 at 4 P.M. on the site of the property.

The land admeasures about 1,022 Sq. Yds. held under a Sub-Lease dated 8th June 1920 for a period of 999 years commencing from 25th January 1919 (being part of the premises comprised in a Head Lease dated the 17th December, 1919) with a building of ground and five upper floors (15 residential tenements and 4 shops) bearing Collector's New Survey No. 7059 part Cadastral Survey No. 2/536 Malabar and Cumballa Hill division and Street Nos. 4A and 53A.

Further particulars and Conditions of Sale may be obtained from the above Bank, Oriental Building, Hornby Road or from the undersigned,

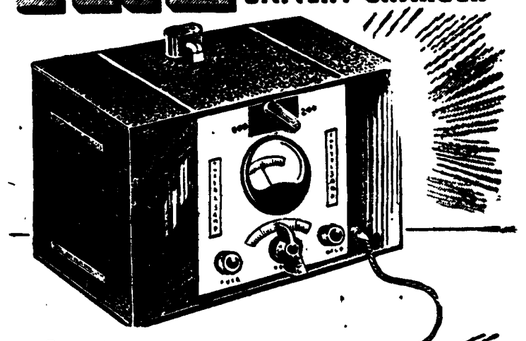
SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, Fort.

Messrs. MENNESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on Tuesday the 26th November, 1946, at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at Cotton Depot Sewree, B.P.T. Railway E. Shed by order of the Insurance Offices concerned 773-Bales Cotton Punjab American L.S.S. Roller Gin 289F C.P. No. 1 & 2: Berar Jerilla salved from the late fire in the Cotton of Messrs. Dwarkadas & Co.

AUCTION SALE OF ELEC. CABLE, AVERY SCALES, VALVES, SCRAP, etc. by order of the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Bombay, on FRIDAY, 29-XI-46, at 10 A.M. (S.T.) at D.G.M.P. Depot, next to Reay Rd. Station. Terms: 25% deposit, balance in 7 days, delivery in 21 days or cash and stores will be forfeited. Purchaser will have to pay Sales Tax.

CRAWFORD & CO.

IRL BATTERY CHARGER



By getting the Battery of your car and Radio Set charged overnight IRL Battery Chargers will help you in minimising workshop expenses and other incidental troubles.

Portable, dependable, efficient and fully tropicalised to suit climatic conditions in India and the East, these Battery Chargers have a very low running cost as well.

For price list and other particulars please apply to the Sole selling Agents

MANUFACTURED BY IRL
RADIO LTD., LONDON

SOLE SELLING AGENTS FOR INDIA, BURMA & CEYLON:

EASTEND AGENCIES
20, WATERLOO STREET, CALCUTTA.

WHEN YOU CAN GET ONLY A LITTLE

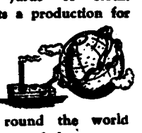
-Choose the Best!

LIKE all the mills in India we are limited to the manufacture of essential types of cloth only, as required by the Government Controls, but our present DRILLS, TWILLS, COATINGS, SHIRTINGS, TOWELS, AND LONGCLOTH are of that same durable quality and good finish that has always characterised Buckingham & Carnatic Mills materials.

During the present world shortage of Textiles, all of us will have to make do with limited cloth supplies for months or even years to come. To get the best value for money during this time of shortage, see to it that whenever possible you buy the long-lasting Buckingham & Carnatic Mills cloth distinguishable by these famous trade marks :—

WAR

In the past six years we have supplied to Government over 432,000,000 yards of cloth. This represents a production for war purposes of 41,000 miles of cloth per year—enough cloth to go once round the world every 7 to 8 months!



The Buckingham & Carnatic Mills in 1900 were the original pioneers of Khaki cloth in India, and always shoulder a heavy task in time of war.

PEACE

Our production today is over 6,000,000 yards monthly, but railway difficulties prevent free distribution to some distant centres.

Shortage of chemicals and dyestuffs prevents the manufacture of many pre-war favourites, and also of a wide range of colours. We hope this is temporary.

In the meantime our huge output of essential cloth gives you durable quality in good utility materials

Long before price control was introduced by Government, we kept our prices low. Our materials still remain by far the best value for money at controlled prices.

THE BUCKINGHAM & CARNATIC COMPANY LIMITED
MADRAS
Managing Agents: BINNY & CO. (Madras) LTD.

Copyright: B & C Mills JWT(S)LTD.

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co Ltd by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort Bombay